

**Q1.** In which division of the British Indian Army Mangal Pandey was inducted as a soldier?

- (a) 34th Bengal Native Infantry
- (b) 5th Royal Gurkha Rifles
- (c) Madras Light Cavalry
- (d) None of these

**Q2.** During the freedom struggle, Aruna Asaf Ali was a major woman organiser of underground activities in

- (a) Civil Disobedience Movement
- (b) Swadeshi Movement
- (c) Non-cooperation Movement
- (d) Quit India Movement

**Q3.** The slogan 'Inquilab Zindabad' was first raised by

- (a) Lokmanya Bal Gangadhar Tilak
- (b) Chandra Shekhar Azad
- (c) Veer Savarkar
- (d) Bhagat Singh

**Q4.** The first Census was conducted at the time of

- (a) Lord Dufferin
- (b) Lord Lytton
- (c) Lord Auckland
- (d) Sir John Napier

**Q5.** There are only two known examples of cave paintings of the Gupta period in ancient India. One of these is the paintings of Ajanta Caves. Where is the other surviving example of Gupta paintings?

- (a) Ellora Caves
- (b) Bagh Caves
- (c) Lomas Rishi Caves
- (d) Nasik Caves

**Q6.** Which one of the following Gupta Kings had to face the first Huna invasion?

- (a) Skandagupta
- (b) Buddhagupta
- (c) Purugupta
- (d) Kumaragupta I

**Q7.** Who among the following anticipated Newton by declaring that all things gravitate to the Earth?

- (a) Aryabhata
- (b) Varahamihira
- (c) Buddhagupta
- (d) Brahmagupta

**Q8.** The paintings on the walls and ceilings in the Ajanta caves depict mainly

- (a) incidents relating to the Ramayana and Mahabharata.
- (b) legends relating to Vikram Aditya.
- (c) incidents relating to the life of Gautam Buddha.
- (d) incidents, relating to the life of Mahavira.

**Q9.** Which of the following Mughal buildings is said to possess the unique feature of being exactly equal in length and breadth?

- (a) Agra Fort
- (b) Red Fort
- (c) Buland Darwaza
- (d) Taj Mahal

**Q10.** When was the 'National Anthem' adopted by the Government?

- (a) 15th August, 1947
- (b) 26th August, 1947
- (c) 24th January, 1950
- (d) 14th August, 1947

**Q11.** The Radcliffe Committee was appointed to

- (a) solve the problem of minorities in India.
- (b) give effect to the Independence skill.
- (c) delimit the boundaries between India and Pakistan.
- (d) enquire into the riots in East Bengal.

**Q12.** Who was the Viceroy of India at the time of Jallianwala Bagh Massacre?

- (a) Lord Irwin
- (b) Lord Chelmsford
- (c) Lord Hardinge
- (d) Lord Curzon

**Q13.** Against whom of the following was the Lahore Conspiracy Case registered during the Indian freedom struggle?

- (a) Lala Har Dayal
- (b) Lala Lajpat Rai
- (c) Vinayak Damodar Savarkar
- (d) Vishnu Ganesh Pingle

**Q14.** The Viceroy, upon whom a bomb was thrown but he did not change his attitude towards the Indians was

- (a) Lord Hardinge
- (b) Warren Hastings
- (c) Lord Curzon

(d) Lord Chelmsford

**Q15.** In 1930, Mahatma Gandhi started Civil Disobedience Movement from

- (a) Sevagrarn
- (b) Dandi
- (c) Wardha
- (d) Sabarmati

**Q16.** Who among the following founded the Ahmedabad Textile Labour Association?

- (a) Mahatma Gandhi
- (b) JB Kripalani
- (c) N M Joshi
- (d) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel

**Q17.** Which one of the following aroused a wave of popular indignation that led to the massacre by the British at Jallianwala Bagh?

- (a) The Arms Act
- (b) The Public Safety Act
- (c) The Vernacular Press Act
- (d) The Rowlatt Act

**Q18.** "Every pearl in the Royal crown is the crystallised drops of blood fallen from the tearful eyes of the poor peasants", Who made this statement?

- (a) Ibn Battuta
- (b) Al-Biruni
- (c) Amir Khusrau
- (d) Badauni

**Q19.** Which one of the following was the first fort constructed by the British in India?

- (a) Fort William
- (b) Fort St George
- (c) Fort St. David
- (d) Fort St Angelo

**Q20.** Which one of the following Europeans were the last to come to pre-independent India as traders?

- (a) Dutch
- (b) English
- (c) French
- (d) Portuguese

**Q21.** The educated middle class in India

- (a) opposed the Revolt of 1857
- (b) supported the Revolt of 1857

- (c) fought against native rulers
- (d) remained neutral to the Revolt of 1857

**Q22.** Which one of the following was the first English newspaper in India in the year 1780?

- (a) The Calcutta Gazette
- (b) The Bengal Gazette
- (c) The Bengal Journal
- (d) The Bombay Herald

**Q23.** Who succeeded Robert Clive to lead the East India Company?

- (a) Lord Bentinck
- (b) Lord Cornwallis
- (c) Lord Hastings
- (d) All of these

**Q24.** Job Charnock founded Calcutta at the site of

- (a) Sutanuti
- (b) Kalikata
- (c) Govindapur
- (d) All of these

**Q25.** Eight-fold Path of the Buddha is known as the 'Middle Path' because it

- (a) does not attach too much importance to knowledge and conduct.
- (b) attaches equal important to knowledge and conduct.
- (c) avoid self-indulgence as well as self-immolation.
- (d) open to the clergy and the laity

**Q26.** Which party was founded by Subhash Chandra Bose in the year 1939 after he broke away from the Congress?

- (a) Azad Hind Fauz
- (b) Indian Freedom Party
- (c) Revolutionary Party
- (d) Forward Bloc

**Q27.** The doctrines of 'Non-violence' and 'Civil Disobedience' associated with Mahatma Gandhi were influenced by

- (a) Churchill, Irwin, Tolstoy
- (b) Ruskin, Tolstoy, Thoreau
- (c) Thoreau, Truman, Bernard Shaw
- (d) Cripps, Tolstoy, Hawes

**Q28.** After which incident, Mahatma Gandhi had called Non-cooperation Movement as his Himalayan blunder?

- (a) Kheda Satyagraha
- (b) Chauri-Chaura
- (c) Nagpur Satyagraha
- (d) Rajkot Satyagraha

**Q29.** Who among the following organised a March on the Tanjore coast to break the Salt Law in April, 1930?

- (a) V.O. Chidambaram
- (b) K. Kamaraj
- (c) Annie Besant
- (d) C. Rajagopalachari

**Q30.** Who was called the 'Mother of the Indian Revolution'?

- (a) Kasturba Gandhi
- (b) Kamala Nehru
- (c) Sarojini Naidu
- (d) Bhikaiji Kama

**Q31.** In the 'Individual Satyagraha', Vinoba Bhave was chosen as the first Satyagrahi. Who was the second?

- (a) Dr. Rajendra Prasad
- (b) C. Rajagopalachari
- (c) Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru
- (d) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.

**Q32.** Who is considered the founder of the Gupta Empire?

- (a) Chandragupta II
- (b) Chandragupta I
- (c) Samudragupta
- (d) Sri Gupta

**Q33.** Which one of the following industries is known as 'Sunrise Industry'?

- (a) Iron and Steel
- (b) Cotton and Textile
- (c) Information Technology
- (d) Tea and Coffee

**Q34.** Which of the following tribes practises nomadic herding for subsistence?

- (a) Bedouin
- (b) Bakarwal
- (c) Kirghiz
- (d) All of these

**Q35.** Which of the following is a warm current?

- (a) South Pacific Current
- (b) Kuroshio Current
- (c) Labrador Current
- (d) Rip Current

**Q36.** The tropical cyclone of Philippines is termed as

- (a) Typhoon
- (b) Willy-Willy
- (c) Hurricane
- (d) Bagyo

**Q37.** Which one of the following commercially important group of trees belongs to the cool temperate hard-wood species?

- (a) Maple, mahogany and oak
- (b) Mahogany, ebony and maple
- (c) Oak, poplar and maple
- (d) Ebony, oak and poplar

**Q38.** Which one of the following covers highest percentage of forest area in the world?

- (a) Temperate coniferous forest
- (b) Temperate deciduous forest
- (c) Tropical monsoon forest
- (d) Tropical rain forest

**Q39.** Which one of the following basins experiences the convectional rainfall?

- (a) Amazon
- (b) Ganga
- (c) Hwang Ho
- (d) Mississippi

**Q40.** How many kilometres are represented by 1° of latitude?

- (a) 321 km
- (b) 211 km
- (c) 111 km
- (d) 91 km

**Q41.** The seasonal reversal of winds is the typical characteristic of

- (a) Equatorial climate
- (b) Mediterranean climate
- (c) Monsoon climate
- (d) All of these

**Q42.** For which one of the following items, Tiruppur is well-known as a huge exporter to many parts of the world?

- (a) Gems and jewellery
- (b) Leather goods
- (c) Handicrafts
- (d) Knitted garments

**Q43.** Biodiversity forms the basis for human existence in which of the following ways?

- (a) Soil formation
- (b) Prevention of soil erosion
- (c) Recycling of waste
- (d) Pollination of crops

**Q44.** Which among the following countries is the largest troop contributor to the United Nations Peacekeeping Mission?

- (a) China
- (b) India
- (c) Bangladesh
- (d) Pakistan

**Q45.** The Supreme Court was set-up under the

- (a) Regulating Act, 1773
- (b) Pitt's India Act, 1784
- (c) Indian Councils Act, 1861
- (d) Indian Councils Act, 1892

**Q46.** Under which of the following Articles, additional and acting judges can be appointed in the High Courts?

- (a) Article 220
- (b) Article 229
- (c) Article 224
- (d) Article 231

**Q47.** The first Lok Adalat was held in the year

- (a) 1985
- (b) 1986
- (c) 1987
- (d) 1988

**Q48.** Who among the following is the custodian of the Constitution of India?

- (a) The President of India
- (b) The Prime Minister of India
- (c) The Lok Sabha Secretariat
- (d) The Supreme Court of India

**Q49.** Which one of the following jurisdictions of the Indian judiciary covers Public Interest Litigation?

- (a) Appellate jurisdiction
- (b) Original jurisdiction
- (c) Advisory jurisdiction
- (d) Epistolary jurisdiction

**Q50.** The power of the Supreme Court of India to decide disputes between the Centre and State falls under its

- (a) Writ jurisdiction
- (b) Advisory jurisdiction
- (c) Original jurisdiction
- (d) Appellate jurisdiction

**Q51.** The maximum permissible period between two sessions of a State Legislative Assembly is

- (a) one year
- (b) six months
- (c) three months
- (d) indefinite

**Q52.** The Governor of which State has been vested with special powers regarding the Scheduled Tribal Areas?

- (a) Arunachal Pradesh
- (b) Assam
- (c) Maharashtra
- (d) West Bengal

**Q53.** The State of Jammu and Kashmir was accorded special status under

- (a) Article 356 of the Constitution
- (b) Article 370 of the Constitution
- (c) Article 356 and 370 of the Constitution
- (d) None of the above

**Q54.** Under which Article, the Supreme Court has the power to review its own judgement or order?

- (a) Article 137
- (b) Article 254
- (c) Article 256
- (d) Article 142

**Q55.** The speaker can ask a Member of the House to stop speaking and let another Member speak. This is known as

- (a) Decorum
- (b) Crossing the floor
- (c) Interpretation
- (d) Yielding the floor



**Q56.** The State which has the largest number of seats reserved for the Scheduled Tribes in the Lok Sabha is

- (a) Bihar
- (b) Gujarat
- (c) Uttar Pradesh
- (d) Madhya Pradesh

**Q57.** If question arises whether a Bill is a Money Bill or not, whose decision shall be the final?

- (a) The Supreme Court of India
- (b) The President of India
- (c) The Speaker of the Lok Sabha
- (d) The Joint Parliamentary Committee

**Q58.** Chief Minister of all the States are the ex-officio members of the

- (a) Finance Commission
- (b) Planning Commission
- (c) Inter-State Council
- (d) National Development Council

**Q59.** Areawise which one of the following is the largest Lok Sabha constituency?

- (a) Kutch
- (b) Kaugra
- (c) Patna Sahib
- (d) Ladakh

**Q60.** Which one of the following Committees of the Parliament of India has no Members of the Rajya Sabha?

- (a) The Public Accounts Committee
- (b) The Estimates Committee
- (c) The Public Undertakings Committee
- (d) Departmentally Related Standing Committee of Finance

**Q61.** The quorum of the Parliament is fixed at

- (a) one-tenth of the membership of the House
- (b) two-third of the membership of the House
- (c) one-third of the membership of the House
- (d) one-eighth of the membership of the House

**Q62.** India's average annual growth rate of population during 2001-2011 was

- (a) 1.64%
- (b) 1.54%
- (c) 1.97%
- (d) 2.64%

**Q63.** The contribution of agriculture in India's Gross Domestic Product (GDP) is

- (a) 14%
- (b) 24%
- (c) 34%
- (d) None of these

**Q64.** The WTO was founded in 1995 as the successor organisation to the

- (a) UNCTAD
- (b) IBRD
- (c) World Bank
- (d) GATT

**Q65.** Goods and Services Tax (GST) would replace which of the following taxes levied at present?

- (a) Income Tax
- (b) Corporate Tax
- (c) Capital gains Tax
- (d) Value-Added Tax (VAT)

**Q66.** Who said, "India is the bright spot on the cloudy global horizon"?

- (a) UN Secretary General Ban Ki-Moon
- (b) Former US President Barack Obama
- (c) Indian President Pranab Mukherjee
- (d) IMF Chief Christine Lagarde

**Q67.** The WTO basically promotes

- (a) financial support
- (b) global peace
- (c) unilateral trade
- (d) multilateral trade

**Q68.** The sum of total income received for the services of labour, land or capital in a country is called

- (a) Gross Domestic Product
- (b) National Income
- (c) Gross Domestic Income
- (d) Gross National Income

**Q69.** Which one or the following pairs is the Third Generation (3G) mobile telecommunication?

- (a) WiMAX and UMTS
- (b) GPRS and EDGE
- (c) WiMAX and EDGE
- (d) UMTS and GPRS

**Q70.** Which one of the following is an air-to-air missile?

- (a) Astra
- (b) Akash
- (c) Becquerel
- (d) Prithvi

**Q71.** Where do you find the clock and calendar in/on your computer?

- (a) Task bar
- (b) Menu bar
- (c) Desktop
- (d) Start Menu

**Q72.** Which of the following groups has only the output devices?

- (a) Scanner, keyboard, printer
- (b) Mouse, printer, monitor
- (c) Keyboard, monitor, printer
- (d) Plotter, printer, monitor

**Q73.** Which of the following devices is used to record humidity?

- (a) Hygrometer
- (b) Psychrometer
- (c) Thermo-hygrograph
- (d) All of these

**Q74.** What does the term 'Dolby B and Dolby C' printed on the tape recorders and other sound systems refer to?

- (a) Frequency modulation system
- (b) Amplitude modulated system
- (c) Noise reduction circuit
- (d) Both DC and AC power can be used

**Q75.** A packet of information that travels between a browser and the web server is known as

- (a) Malware
- (b) Adware
- (c) Spyware
- (d) Cookie

**Q76.** Which of the following can input image, picture, etc to a computer?

- (a) Plotter
- (b) Mouse
- (c) Printer
- (d) Scanner

**Q77.** How many satellites were launched by Indian Space Research Organisation (ISRO) to create history on 15th February, 2017?

- (a) 84
- (b) 93
- (c) 102
- (d) 104

**Q78.** MS-Word is an example of

- (a) Compiler
- (b) Application software
- (c) System software
- (d) Operating system

**Q79.** Which city has issued a red alert for air pollution for the first time ever on December, with a heavy cloud of dangerous smog blanketing the city?

- (a) Hong Kong
- (b) New Delhi
- (c) Beijing
- (d) None of these

**Q80.** The High-Altitude Warfare School of the Indian Army is located at

- (a) Siachen
- (b) Manali
- (c) Gulmarg
- (d) Leh

**Q81.** Who has written 3524 songs in 650 films over 33 years and due to this, he was eligible for a Guinness Book of World Records entry after extensive documentation and verification of each and every track?

- (a) Gulzar
- (b) Javed Akhtar
- (c) Faaiz Anwar
- (d) Sameer

**Q82.** The Union Government has decided to impose 0.5% cess on which services to fund the 'Swachh Bharat Programme'?

- (a) All non-taxable services
- (b) All charitable services
- (c) Non-refundable services
- (d) All taxable services

**Q83.** The Central Institute of Buddhist studies is located in which city?

- (a) Shimla

- (b) Srinagar
- (c) Dharamsala
- (d) Leh

**Q84.** Who is known as the 'most qualified person in India' according to Limca Book of Records?

- (a) Dr APJ Abdul Kalam
- (b) Sumitra Devi
- (c) Shrikant Jichker
- (d) Kushal Chatterjee

**Q85.** Which of the following is the National Intelligence Agency of Israel?

- (a) GRU
- (b) NSIS
- (c) Mossad
- (d) CISE

**Q86.** Which of the following is not an official language of the United Nations?

- (a) Arabic
- (b) Chinese
- (c) Portuguese
- (d) Spanish

**Q87.** The permanent headquarters of SAARC Secretariat is located at

- (a) Kathmandu
- (b) Dhaka
- (c) New Delhi
- (d) Islamabad

**Q88.** Where was the first Non-Aligned Movement (NAM) summit held?

- (a) Belgrade
- (b) Cairo
- (c) New Delhi
- (d) Havana

**Q89.** The World Trade Organisation (WTO) formally approved which country's membership in December, 2015?

- (a) Kyrgystan
- (b) Pakistan
- (c) Kazakhstan
- (d) Afghanistan

**Q90.** Who is the founder of the South-East Asia Ramayana Research Centre?

- (a) Late Dr Bhupen Hazarika
- (b) Late Dr Mamoni Raisom Gowswami

- (c) Dr Dhruvajyoti Bora
- (d) Dr Malini

**Q91.** Who is the recipient of Biswaratna Dr Bhupen Hazarika International Solidarity Award in 2015?

- (a) Shyam Benegal
- (b) Amjad Ali
- (c) Amol Palekar
- (d) Adoor Gopalakrishnan

**Q92.** Who is the first Assamese woman to receive Sangeet Natak Akademi Award?

- (a) Sudakshina Sharma
- (b) Anupama Bhattacharya
- (c) Pratima Pandey Barua
- (d) Aideu Handique

**Q93.** In which sector, maximum plan allocation and priorities were given in 12th Five Year Plan in Assam?

- (a) Rural development
- (b) Agriculture
- (c) Social Service
- (d) Irrigation and flood control

**Q94.** During whose reign at Rangpur city an Amphitheatre known as 'Rang Ghar' for animal right was built?

- (a) Rudra Singh
- (b) Parmatta Singh
- (c) Siba Singh
- (d) Rajeshwar Singh

**Q95.** A woman revolutionary who while receiving her degree at the convocation at the University of Calcutta from the Governor of Bengal shot him was

- (a) Kalpana Dutta
- (b) Bina Das
- (c) Pritilata Waddedar
- (d) Leela Nag

**Q96.** Who was the President of the 'Swaraj Party' in Assam during Freedom Movement?

- (a) Bishnuram Medhi
- (b) Maniram Dewan
- (c) Gopinath Bordoloi
- (d) Tarun Ram Phukan

**Q97.** Who among the following was the leader of the 1857 Revolt in Assam?

- (a) Piyali Barua

- (b) Kushal Konwar
- (c) Purandar Singh
- (d) Maniram Dewan

**Q98.** Jadav invested 15,000 at 10% per annum for 1 year. If the interest is compounded half yearly, then the amount received by Jadav is

- (a) 16,000
- (b) 16,500
- (c) 16,537.50
- (d) 16,507.50

**Q99.** P is Q's sister, R is Q's mother, S is R's father, T is S's mother. How is P related to S?

- (a) Grandson
- (b) Granddaughter
- (c) Son
- (d) Daughter

**Q100.** If in a certain code, MAITRE is written as NCLXWK, then KARTIK will be written as

- (a) LCUXNQ
- (b) LCVXNQ
- (c) LCVXMQ
- (d) LCUXMQ

