

# **UPSC Mains GS-2 syllabus**

(Governance, Constitution, Polity, Social Justice and International Relations)

- Indian Constitution—Historical Underpinnings, Evolution, Features, Amendments, Significant Provisions and Basic Structure.
- Functions and Responsibilities of the Union and the States, Issues and Challenges
  Pertaining to the Federal Structure, Devolution of Powers and Finances up to Local
  Levels and Challenges Therein.
- Separation of Powers between various organs Dispute Redressal Mechanisms and Institutions.
- Comparison of the Indian Constitutional Scheme with that of Other Countries.
- Parliament and State Legislatures—Structure, Functioning, Conduct of Business,
   Powers & Privileges and Issues Arising out of these.
- Structure, Organization and Functioning of the Executive and the Judiciary—Ministries and Departments of the Government; Pressure Groups and Formal/Informal Associations and their Role in the Polity.
- Salient Features of the Representation of People's Act.
- Appointment to various Constitutional Posts, Powers, Functions and Responsibilities of various Constitutional Bodies.
- Statutory, Regulatory and various Quasi-judicial Bodies.
- Government Policies and Interventions for Development in various sectors and Issues arising out of their Design and Implementation.
  - Development Processes and the Development Industry the Role of NGOs, SHGs, various groups and associations, donors, charities, institutional and other stakeholders.
- Welfare Schemes for Vulnerable Sections of the population by the Centre and States and the Performance of these Schemes; Mechanisms, Laws, Institutions and Bodies constituted for the Protection and Betterment of these Vulnerable Sections.



- Issues Relating to Development and Management of Social Sector/Services relating to Health, Education, Human Resources.
- Issues relating to Poverty and Hunger.
- Important Aspects of Governance, Transparency and Accountability, E-governance-applications, models, successes, limitations, and potential; Citizens Charters, Transparency & Accountability and institutional and other measures.
- Role of Civil Services in a Democracy.
- India and its Neighborhood- Relations.
- Bilateral, Regional and Global Groupings and Agreements involving India and/or affecting India's interests.
- Effect of Policies and Politics of Developed and Developing Countries on India's interests, Indian Diaspora.
- Important International Institutions, agencies and fora their Structure, Mandate.

S H A P I Polity B R I L L I A N C E		
Indian Constitution		
Historical Underpinning & Evolution	■ Regulating Act (1773) to Independence Act (1947)	
	■ Constituent Assembly	
	■ Objective Resolution	
	■ Enactment & Enforcement of Constitution	
Features	■ Written	
	■ Flexible & Rigid	
	■ Federal & Unitary	
	■ Parliamentary Form of Government (Presidential vs. Parliamentary Type of	



	Government)	
Amendments	■ List of Significant Amendments & Their Provisions	
	■ Procedure for Amending Constitution	
Significant Provisions	■ Fundamental Rights	
	<ul> <li>Directive Principles of State Policy</li> </ul>	
	<ul><li>Judicial Review</li></ul>	
	<ul><li>Universal Adult Franchise</li></ul>	
	<ul> <li>Single Citizenship</li> </ul>	
	■ Separation of Powers	
Basic Structure	■ The Doctrine	
CAN SPINIA	■ Judgments & Cases	
Functions & Responsibilities of Union & States		
■ 7th Schedule		
■ Legislative Functions		
■ Financial Functions		
■ Administrative & Quasi-Judicial Functions		
Issues & Challenges Pertaining to the Federal Structure		
Federal Structure in India - Is India truly Federal?		
Cooperative & Competitive Federalism		
Centre-State Relations	■ Legislative Relations	
	<ul> <li>Administrative Relations</li> </ul>	



	■ Financial Relations	
	■ Trends in Centre-State Relations	
Inter-State Relations	■ Inter-state Water Disputes	
	■ Inter-State Councils	
	<ul><li>Public Acts, Records and Judicial Proceedings</li></ul>	
	■ Inter-State Trade and Commerce	
	<ul><li>Zonal Councils</li></ul>	
Emergency Provisions		
Role of Governor	C ACANELIII	
Reports of Various Commissions	■ 2nd ARC, Punchhi, Sarkaria, etc.	
Devolution of Powers & Finances to Local Levels & Challenges Therein		
■ Role of State Government		
■ Role of State Finance Commission		
■ 11th & 12th Schedule		
■ Reasons for Ineffective Performance		
■ Panchayat Devolution Index (NITI Aay	rog)	
■ Steps That Can Be Taken to Improve Their Performance		
Separation of Powers Between Various Organs		

- Doctrine of Separation of Power
- Separation of Power in Indian Constitution



- Doctrine of Checks & Balances
- Provisions for Checks & Balances in Indian Constitution
- Related Judgments Golaknath case, Kesavananda Bharati, Indira Gandhi Vs Raj Narain, Ram Jawaya vs Punja

### **Dispute Redressal Mechanisms and Institutions**

- RTI
- PIL
- Tribunals, etc.

# Comparison of the Indian Constitutional Scheme With That of Other Countries Parliament & State Legislatures

Structure, Functioning, Conduct of Business, Powers & Privileges

- Written Constitution
- Blend of Rigidity and Flexibility
- Federal System with Unitary Bias
- Parliamentary Form of Government
- Synthesis of Parliamentary Sovereignty and Judicial Supremacy
- Integrated and Independent Judiciary
- Fundamental Rights, Directive Principles of State Policy, Fundamental Duties
- Secular State
- Universal Adult Franchise
- Single Citizenship
- **■** Emergency Provisions
- Three-tier Government
- Due Process of Law vs. Procedure



	Established by Law			
	■ Impeachment of President, etc			
Structure, Organization & Function	Structure, Organization & Functioning of the Executive and the Judiciary			
Executive  Judiciary S H A P I N	<ul> <li>■ Union:         <ul> <li>President</li> </ul> </li> <li>Prime Minister</li> <li>Council of Ministers</li> <li>Cabinet Secretariat</li> <li>State:         <ul> <li>Governor</li> <li>Chief Minister</li> <li>Council of Ministers</li> <li>Secretariat</li> </ul> </li> <li>Three-Tier Structure</li> <li>Chief Justice of India</li> <li>SC &amp; HC Judges</li> <li>Jurisdiction</li> </ul>			
Ministries and Departments of the Government				
<ul> <li>Cabinet Ministries</li> <li>Other Ministries</li> <li>Parliamentary Secretaries</li> </ul>				
Salient Features of Representation of People's Act				
Appointment to Various Constitutional Posts				



# Appointment, Powers, Functions & Responsibilities of:

- **■** Election Commission
- Union Public Service Commission
- State Public Service Commission
- **■** Finance Commission
- National Commission for SCs
- National Commission for STs
- Special Officer for Linguistic Minorities
- Comptroller and Auditor General of India
- Attorney General of India
- Advocate General of the State

## Statutory, Regulatory & Quasi-Judicial Bodies

- NITI Aayog
- RBI
- National Human Rights Commission
- State Human Rights Commission
- Central Information Commission
- Central Vigilance Commission
- Central Bureau of Investigation
- Lokpal and Lokayuktas
- National Commission for Women
- National Commission for Backward Classes
- National Commission for Minorities
- Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority
- Securities and Exchange Board of India



- Competition Commission of India
- Telecom Regulatory Authority of India
- Central Electricity Regulatory Commission
- Atomic Energy Regulatory Board
- Central Pollution Control Board
- Medical Council of India
- Inland Waterways Authority of India
- Central Ground Water Authority
- Directorate General of Civil Aviation
- Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority
- Food Safety and Standards Authority of India
- Bar Council of India
- University Grants Commission
- Financial Stability and Development Council
- All India Council for Technical Education
- National Green Tribunal
- Competition Appellate Tribunal
- Income-Tax Appellate Tribunal
- Cyber Appellate Tribunal
- Intellectual Property Appellate Board

India and its Neighborhood – Relations	
India's Relations With	■ China
	■ Pakistan
	■ Myanmar
	- Mydillidi



	<del>-</del>	
	■ Bhutan	
	■ Bangladesh	
	■ Sri Lanka	
	■ Afghanistan	
	<ul><li>Nepal</li></ul>	
	■ Maldives	
Bilateral, Regional & Global Groupings & Agreements Involving India and/or Affecting India's Interests		
India's Major Foreign Policy Doctrines Since	■ Non-aligned Movement (NAM)	
1947	<ul><li>Nuclear Doctrine</li></ul>	
	■ Gujral Doctrine	
	■ Look East to Act East	
AYA SPW IA	■ Think West, etc.	
Bilateral Relations With	■ Major Powers Like – USA, Russia, Japan	
	■ Central Asian Countries	
	■ West Asian Countries	
	■ African Countries	
	■ Australia & New Zealand	
	■ EU & European Countries	
	■ Latin American Countries	
	■ Pacific Countries	
Regional & Global Groupings	■ SAARC	
	■ BRICS	
	■ BBIN & BCIM	



**BIMSTEC IBSA ASEAN & RCEP** India-Africa Forum **SCO** Ashgabat Agreement **FIPIC IOR-ARC** Mekong Ganga Cooperation (MGC) Raisina Dialogue Heart of Asia Conference East Asia Summit G-20 Asian Development Bank National Security Summit Multilateral Nuclear Export Regulatory Regimes: Wassenar, MTCR, Australia Group Asian Development Bank

### Effect of Policies & Politics of Developed & Developing Countries on India's Interests

APEC, etc

- One Belt One Road
- International North-South Transport Corridor
- Global Trade War
- Global Currency War
- Syrian Crisis



- UN Reforms
- WTO Reforms
- South China Sea Conflict
- Brexit
- Deglobalisation & Protectionism US Sanctions on Iran, US Pullout from Paris Agreement, H-1B Visa Issue etc.
- OPEC Oil Prices Manipulation, etc.

### **Indian Diaspora**

- Spread of Indian Diaspora
- India's Diaspora Policy & Engagement Initiatives
- OCI
- Pravasi Bharatiya Divas
- Know India Programme, etc.
- LM Singhvi High Level Committee on the Diaspora
- Role played by Indian Diaspora
- Issues Concerning the Diaspora:
- Dual Nationality
- Remittances, etc.

#### **Important International Institutions**

- UN & its Agencies
- WTO
- World Bank
- IMF
- World Economic Forum
- Commonwealth of Nations, etc.



