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English ☒Assamese ☐1

DETAIL FEEDBACK

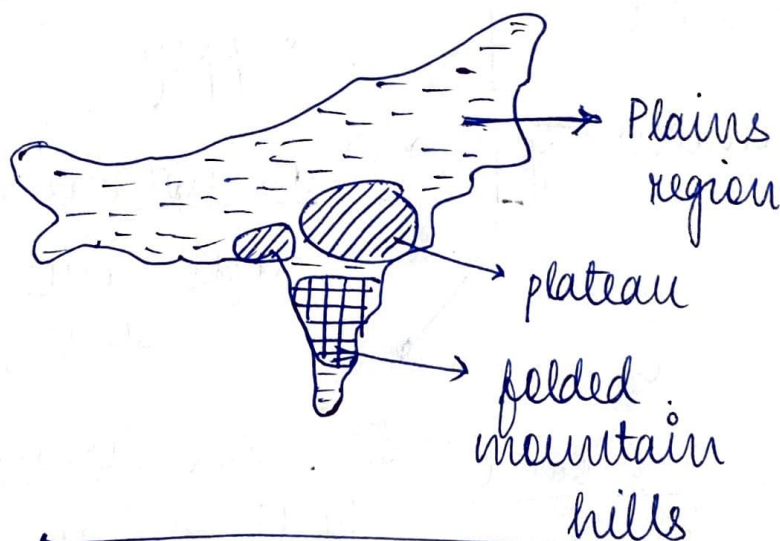
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ALL THE BEST

Q1. Describe the physiographic divisions of Assam. Examine their impact on transport and connectivity in the state.

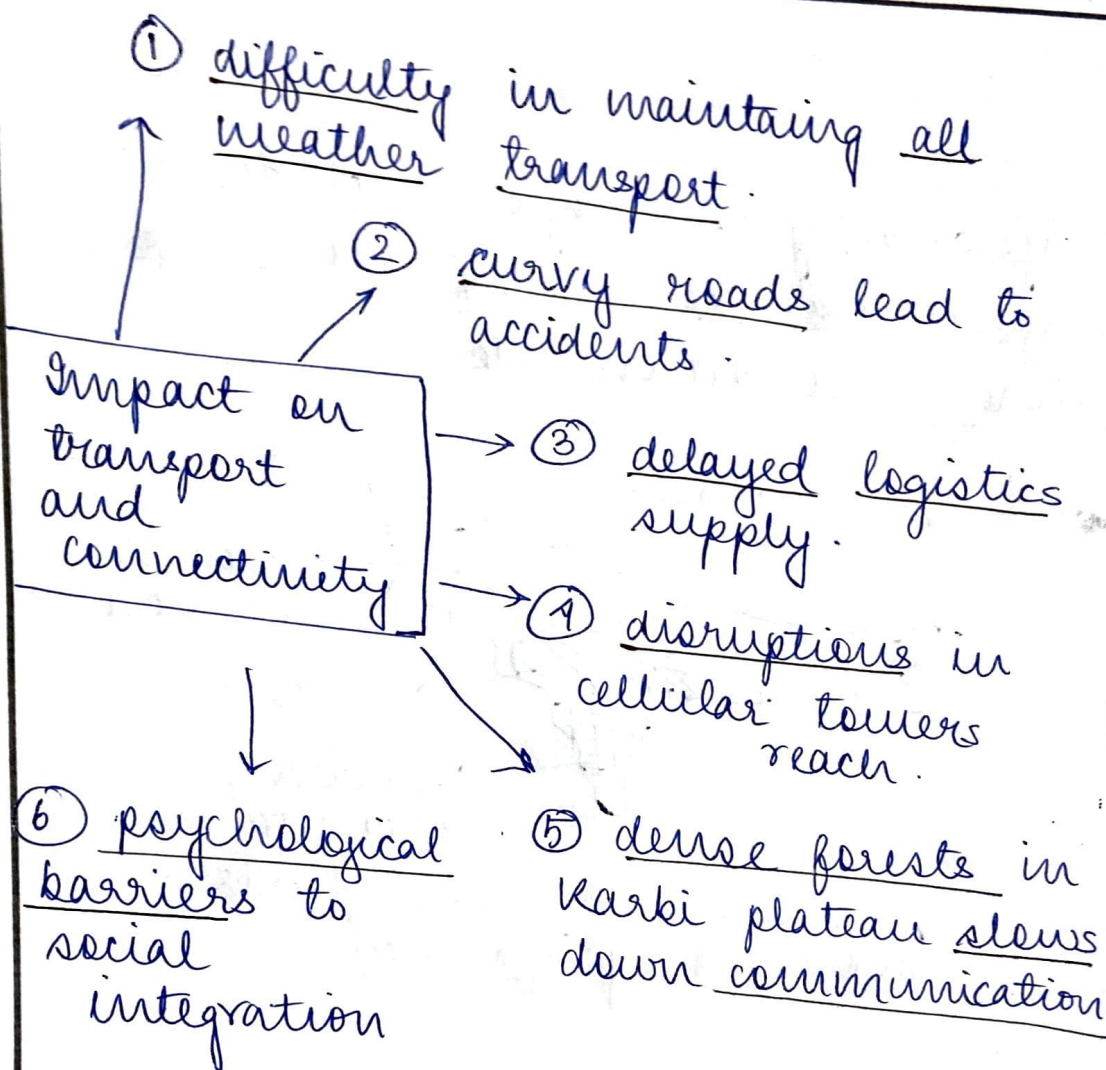
প্রশ্ন ১: অসমৰ ভৌগলিক বিভাজনসমূহ বৰ্ণনা কৰক। ৰাজ্যখনত পৰিবহণ আৰু সংযোগৰ ওপৰত ইয়াৰ প্ৰভাৱ মূল্যায়ন কৰক।
(Answer in 150 words)

Physiography of a region includes its physical features - relief, soil type, climatic conditions etc.



Assam's Physiography

Assam's physiography entails plains of Brahmaputra river, extension of the Chotanagpur plateau and hills extending upto dushai (Mizoram).

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Thus, Assam government's sustained focus on connectivity and recent Silchar - Shillong road will boost regional integration.

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Structure/ Presentation
Question Interpretation
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Value Addition
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Total

Q2. Compare the rivers originating from the Karbi Plateau with those from the Himalayas in Assam. How do these differences shape developmental challenges in the state?

প্রশ্ন ২: কার্বি মালভূমিৰ পৰা উৎপত্তি হোৱা নদীবোৰক অসমৰ হিমালয়ৰ নদীবোৰৰ সৈতে তুলনা কৰক। এই পাৰ্থক্যসমূহৰ ফলত ৰাজ্যখনৰ উন্নয়নমূলক কামত কেনেদৰে প্ৰত্যাহ্বানৰ সৃষ্টি হৈছে? (Answer in 150 words)

Rivers in Northeast India are crucial for sustaining local economies. They primarily originate from Himalayas and Karbi Plateau.

Karbi Plateau rivers

① seasonal, rainfed and low catchment size.

② rapid flow during monsoon; dry spell other times.

③ Kopili and Barak are examples.

Himalayan rivers

① perennial, snow fed and large catchment.

② perennial and speedy flow; scenes of flood during monsoons.

③ Brahmaputra and Chansiri are examples.

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Differences shaping developmental challenges:

- ① seasonal nature of Karbi rivers limit their agricultural potential.
- ② floods in himalayan rivers cause damage.
- ③ prolonged dry season and drought like situations in Cachar and Silchar.
- ④ normal flow in himalayan rivers is crucial for Assam tea growth.

Thus, there have to be under consultation to inter-link rivers to divert excess water to water scarce regions, thereby, balancing aspirations.

Feedback (For office use only)
Structure/ Presentation
Question Interpretation
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Value Addition
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Q3. Discuss the provisions of the 2020 Bodo Peace Accord. How far have these measures addressed the challenges of autonomy, peace, and development in the region?

প্ৰশ্ন ৩: ২০২০ চনৰ বড়ো শান্তি চুক্তিৰ ব্যৱস্থাসমূহ আলোচনা কৰক। এই পদক্ষেপসমূহে অঞ্চলটোত স্বায়ত্তশাসন, শান্তি আৰু উন্নয়নৰ প্ৰত্যাহ্বানসমূহ কিমান দূৰলৈ মোকাবিলা কৰিছে?

(Answer in 150 words)

The Bodo Peace Accord in 2020 was a tripartite agreement among Bodo insurgents and governments of Assam and India.

creation of BTR
from erstwhile
BTAD.

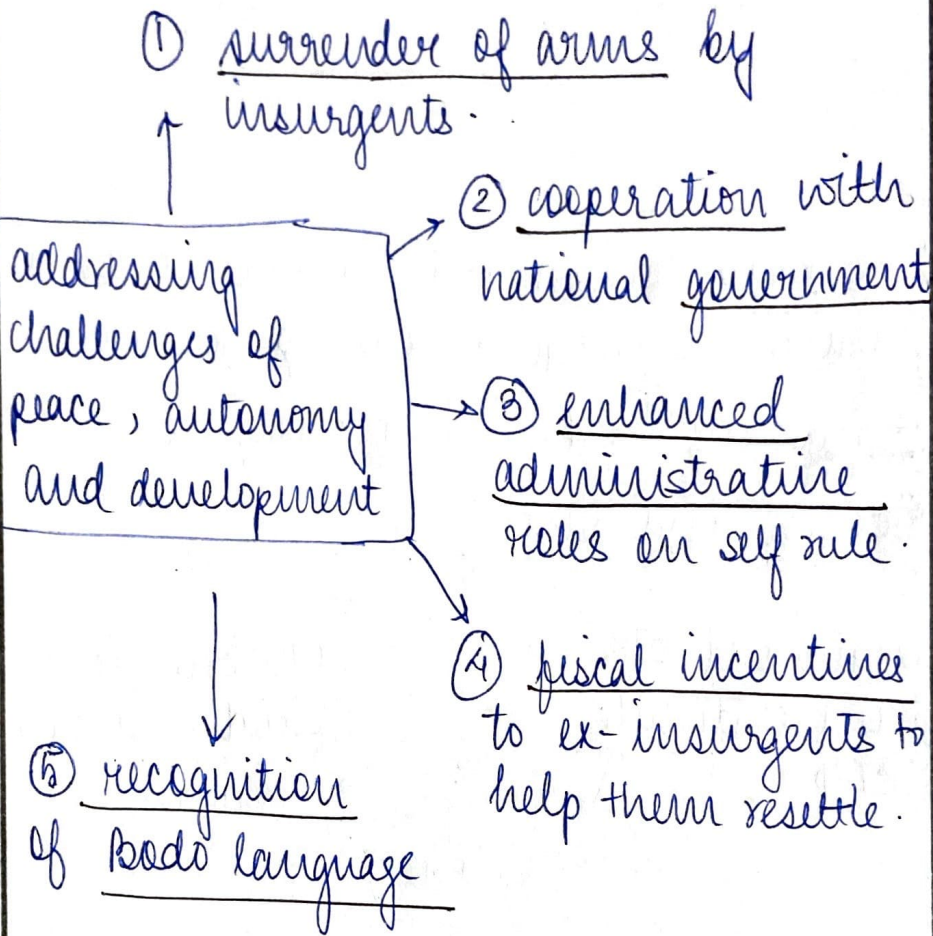
Bodo became
official associate
language.

Provisions

enhanced
administrative
autonomy to
BTC.

special
financial
package for
BTC.

surrender of
Bodo insurgents
(their arms laid
down).



Challenges existing

- ① incomplete execution of the accord
- ② BTC dependent on funds from state government
- ③ politics of vote-bank in BTR

Hence, it is essential to implement the accord in letter and spirit for re-establishing peace and progress.

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Q4. Sex ratio is often seen as a mirror of social development. Discuss how population growth and fertility trends in Assam's urban areas reflect social patterns.

প্রশ্ন ৪: লিংগ অনুপাতক প্রায়ে সামাজিক বিকাশৰ দাপোণ হিচাপে দেখা যায়। অসমৰ নগৰীয়া অঞ্চলত জনসংখ্যা বৃদ্ধি আৰু প্রজনন প্রৱণতাই কেনেদৰে সামাজিক আৰ্হি প্রতিফলিত কৰে সেই বিষয়ে আলোচনা কৰক।
(Answer in 150 words)

Sex ratio is defined as ratio of female per 1000 male in a particular area. In Assam, it has improved to cross the 950 mark.

① reflects society's attitude towards girl child.

mirror of
social
development

→ ② displays levels of awareness.

→ ③ key to judge the status of empowerment of women.

Population growth in Assam's urban areas:

① pluralistic and diversity in society.
eg. Biharis and Marwaris.

② increasing ghettoised spatial distribution.

③ rise of structurally nuclear but functionally joint families.

Fertility trends in Assam's urban areas

- ① prevalent delayed marriages.
- ② greater say of women in family planning and reproductive choices.
- ③ increased access to institutional care and delivery.

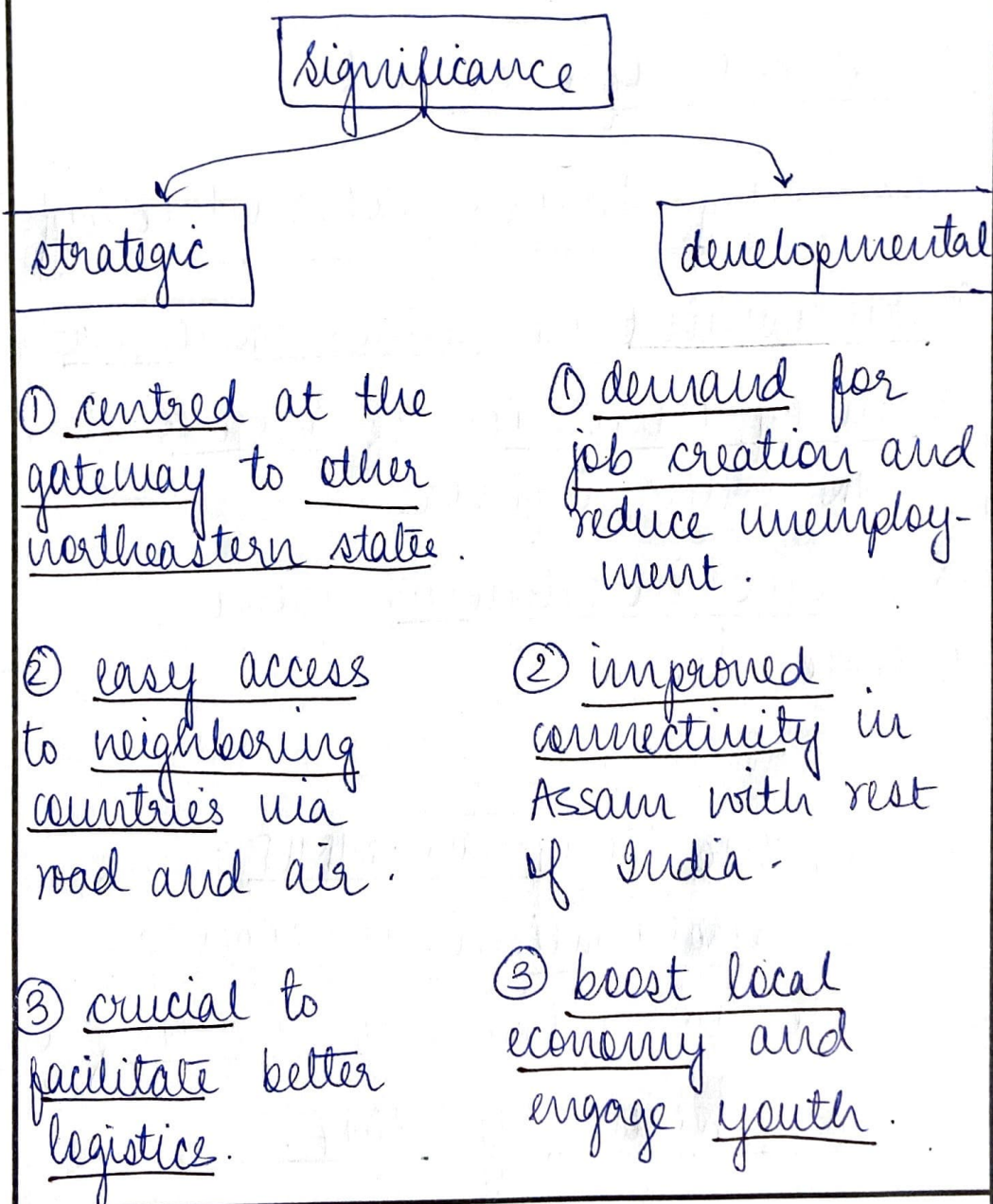
Thus, the conditions in Assam's urban areas reflect growing individualism, primarily driven by trends of rapid modernity.

Feedback (For office use only)
Structure/ Presentation
Question Interpretation
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Value Addition
Penalty (if any)
Total

Q5. Discuss the strategic and developmental significance of the Jogighopa Multimodal Logistics Park in Assam. How can such a hub strengthen regional connectivity and advance India's Act East Policy?

প্রশ্ন ৫: অসমৰ যোগীঘোপা মাল্টিম 'ডেল লজিষ্টিক পাৰ্ক'ৰ কৌশলগত আৰু উন্নয়নমূলক গুৰুত্বৰ বিষয়ে আলোচনা কৰক। এনে এটা হাব কেনেকৈ আঞ্চলিক সংযোগ শক্তিশালী কৰিব পাৰে আৰু ভাৰতৰ এক্ট ইষ্ট নীতিৰ অগ্ৰগতি সাধন কৰিব পাৰে? (Answer in 150 words)

The Jogighopa Multimodal Logistics Park (MMLP) is likely to bring in multiplier effect in Assam's economy.



strengthening India's regional connectivity:

- ① increased transport avenues (road, rail, air, port).
- ② boost to port and waterway transport within Assam.
- ③ reduced logistics cost.

Advancing India's Act East policy

- ① development in India's Northeast.
- ② timely completion of projects like BBIN with neighbors.
- ③ attract investments from outside India.

Hence, the Jogighopa MMLP needs to be operationalised as soon as possible to realise our dream of a Viksit Assam by 2047.

Feedback (For office use only)
Structure/ Presentation
Question Interpretation
Content
Value Addition
Penalty (If any)
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Q6. Assam recently organised Jhumor Binandini, the world's largest Jhumur folk dance event, celebrating the heritage of the tea-tribe community. In this context, discuss the symbolism of such large-scale cultural events and analyse their role in preserving heritage and empowering Assam's tea-tribe community.

প্ৰশ্ন ৬: অসম চৰকাৰে শেহতীয়াকৈ চাহ-জনজাতি সম্প্ৰদায়ৰ ঐতিহ্য উদযাপন কৰি বিশ্বৰ সৰ্ববৃহৎ জুমুৰ লোকনৃত্য অনুষ্ঠান ঝুমেই বিনন্দিনীৰ আয়োজন কৰিছিল। এই সন্দৰ্ভত, এনে বৃহৎ পৰিমাণৰ সাংস্কৃতিক অনুষ্ঠানৰ প্ৰতীকবাদৰ বিষয়ে আলোচনা কৰক আৰু ঐতিহ্য সংৰক্ষণ আৰু অসমৰ চাহ-জনজাতি সম্প্ৰদায়ৰ সবলীকৰণত তেওঁলোকৰ ভূমিকা বিশ্লেষণ কৰক। (Answer in 150 words)

The Jhumur folk dance, performed by tea-tribes in Assam reflects Assam's diverse socio-cultural heritage.

Jhumor Binandini recorded as the world's largest folk dance event, was recorded in the Guinness Book of World Record.

① showcasing indigenous culture to global world.

symbolism of large-scale cultural events

② creates national consciousness.

③ instills pride for the community.

④ step towards inclusive growth.

Role in preserving heritage and empowering Assam's tea tribes

- ① Renewed calls for protection and socio-economic care.
- ② gives confidence in tea tribes towards state and its agencies.
- ③ crucial to bring them in mainstream society.
- ④ tool to recognise and acknowledge their contribution.
- ⑤ context specific and sensitised decision making.

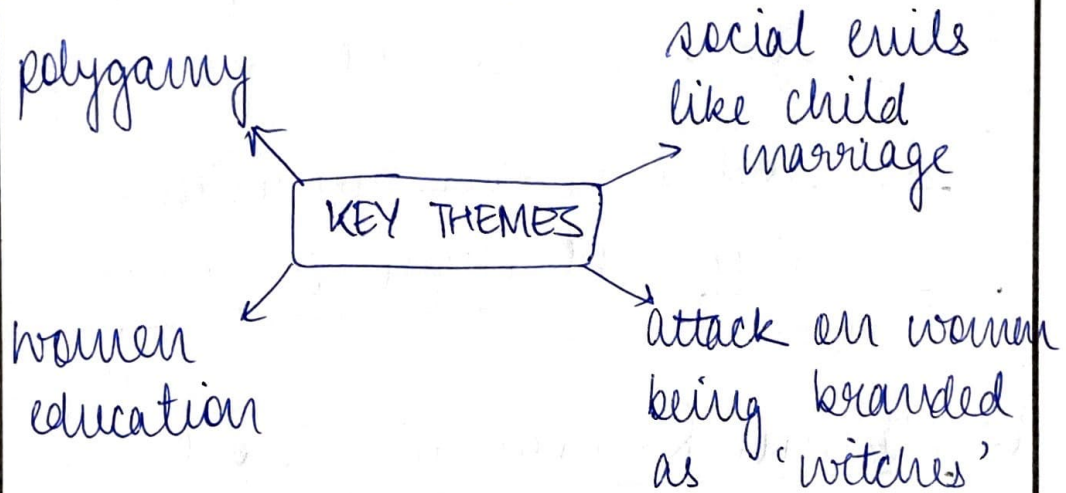
Tea tribes are our pride and it is important to appreciate their role in the evolution of Assam's tea as a global brand.

Feedback (For office use only)
Structure/ Presentation
Question Interpretation
Content
Value Addition
Penalty (If any)
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Q7. 'Women have historically enriched Assamese literature and culture despite limited opportunities. Examine how Assamese literature, including the contributions of women, has shaped both the freedom struggle and post-Independence nation-building.

প্রশ্ন ৭: সীমিত সুযোগ থকা স্বত্বেও মহিলাসকলৰ ঐতিহাসিক সহযোগীয়ে অসমীয়া সাহিত্য আৰু সংস্কৃতিক সমৃদ্ধ কৰিছে। মহিলাসকলৰ অৱদানকে ধৰি অসমীয়া সাহিত্যই স্বাধীনতা সংগ্ৰাম আৰু স্বাধীনতাৰ পিছৰ ৰাষ্ট্ৰ নিৰ্মাণ দুয়োটাৰে কেনেদৰে গঢ় দিছে পৰীক্ষা কৰক। (Answer in 150 words)

The contribution of women in Assamese literature has been key to alter social attitudes and create social awakening.



Assamese literature shaping freedom struggle:

① In her writings and poems, Chandraprabha Saikia advocated women education and participation in freedom struggle.

② Nalinibala Devi displayed the contributions of her father in her literature.

③ Saiden Bhandique's bid to perform in movies encouraged women to break social barriers.

Assamese literature shaping post independence nation-buildings

① Dr. Lakshabira Das exemplified rural setup and plight of women therein.

② Mamoni R. Goswami shaped the discourse around mental health.

③ Pratima B. Pandey in her songs shaped Assamese culture towards more gender-specific.

Despite facing social ostracism the contributions of Assamese women towards literature has been pathbreaking.

Feedback (For office use only)
Structure/ Presentation
Question Interpretation
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Value Addition
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Q8. The Dimasa Kachari kingdom played a significant role in the early medieval history of Assam. In light of recent archaeological findings from the Langting-Dhansiri valley, discuss how such discoveries enhance our understanding of their polity and cultural legacy.

প্রশ্ন ৮: ডিমাছা কচাৰী বংশই অসমৰ প্ৰাৰম্ভিক মধ্যযুগীয় ইতিহাসত এক গুৰুত্বপূৰ্ণ ভূমিকা পালন কৰিছিল। লেংটিং-ধনশিৰি উপত্যকাৰ শেহতীয়া পুৰাতাত্ত্বিক অনুসন্ধানৰ পৰিপ্ৰেক্ষিতত, এই ধৰণৰ আৱিষ্কাৰসমূহে কেনেদৰে তেওঁলোকৰ ৰাজনীতি আৰু সাংস্কৃতিক উত্তৰাধিকাৰৰ বিষয়ে আমাৰ বোধগম্যতা বৃদ্ধি কৰে সেই বিষয়ে আলোচনা কৰক। (Answer in 150 words)

The Dimasa - Kachari kingdom was one the regional power centres in the ^{pre}Shon era, controlling central and south Assam.

Recently, in 2022, long and cylindrical stone jars have been excavated in the



shaded areas were under Dimasa Kachari kingdom

Sima Hasao district. This are hollow and possibly used for burials.

Enhancing our understanding of their polity and culture:

① presence of a unified command structure → due to uniform jars.

- ② belief in practices of life after death.
- ③ royal patronage to burial practices.
- ④ possible historical links with Southeast Asia.

The findings in the Langting-Shansiri valley helps us to reconstruct history better and enhances our knowledge base.

Feedback
(For office use only)

Structure/
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Value Addition

Penalty (If any)

Total

Q9. "Assam's agriculture is trapped between the floods of tradition and the drought of modernisation." Do you agree? Suggest innovative steps for transforming the state's agrarian economy.

প্রশ্ন ৯: "অসমৰ কৃষি, পৰম্পৰাগত বানপানী আৰু আধুনিক খৰাংৰ মাজত আবদ্ধ হৈ আছে।" আপুনি সন্মত হৈছেনে? ৰাজ্যখনৰ কৃষি অৰ্থনীতিৰ ৰূপান্তৰৰ বাবে উদ্ভাৱনীমূলক পদক্ষেপৰ পৰামৰ্শ দিয়ক।
 (Answer in 150 words)

Assam's agriculture is the backbone of Assam's economy, sustaining rural societies and livelihoods.

floods of
tradition

drought of
modernisation

① slash-burn
agriculture.

② monoculture
of rice and
jute.

③ rainfed
agriculture.

④ cycles of
debt due to
social status
of moneylenders.

① low farm
mechanisation.

② irrigation remains
mere 30%.

③ low access to
formal credit.

④ little crop
diversification and
limited agro-
processing.

Thus, to get out India's agriculture from this trap, following can be done -

- ① availability of HYV seeds and other inputs.
- ② focus on enhancing rural credit via PSL shortfalls.
- ③ enhancing crop failure insurance coverage.
- ④ boosting food processing industries.
- ⑤ promoting non-farm allied sectors. eg. dairy, poultry, sericulture.
- ⑥ invest in logistics and transport facilities.
- ⑦ community awareness to ensure climate smart agriculture.

Hence, to create rural vibrancy, sustained state support is essential.

Feedback (For office use only)
Structure/ Presentation
Question Interpretation
Content
Value Addition
Penalty (If any)
Total

Q10. Bamboo-derived ethanol (from the Numaligarh bio-refinery) represents an emerging green fuel alternative in Assam. Examine its economic, environmental, and socio-cultural implications for the state.

প্ৰশ্ন ১০: বাঁহৰ পৰা আহৰণ কৰা ইথানল (নুমালীগড় জৈৱ শোধনাগাৰৰ পৰা) এ অসমৰ এক উদীয়মান সেউজ ইন্ধনৰ বিকল্পক প্ৰতিনিধিত্ব কৰে। ৰাজ্যখনৰ ওপৰত ইয়াৰ অৰ্থনৈতিক, পাৰিপাৰ্শ্বিক আৰু সামাজিক-সাংস্কৃতিক প্ৰভাৱ পৰীক্ষা কৰক।
(Answer in 150 words)

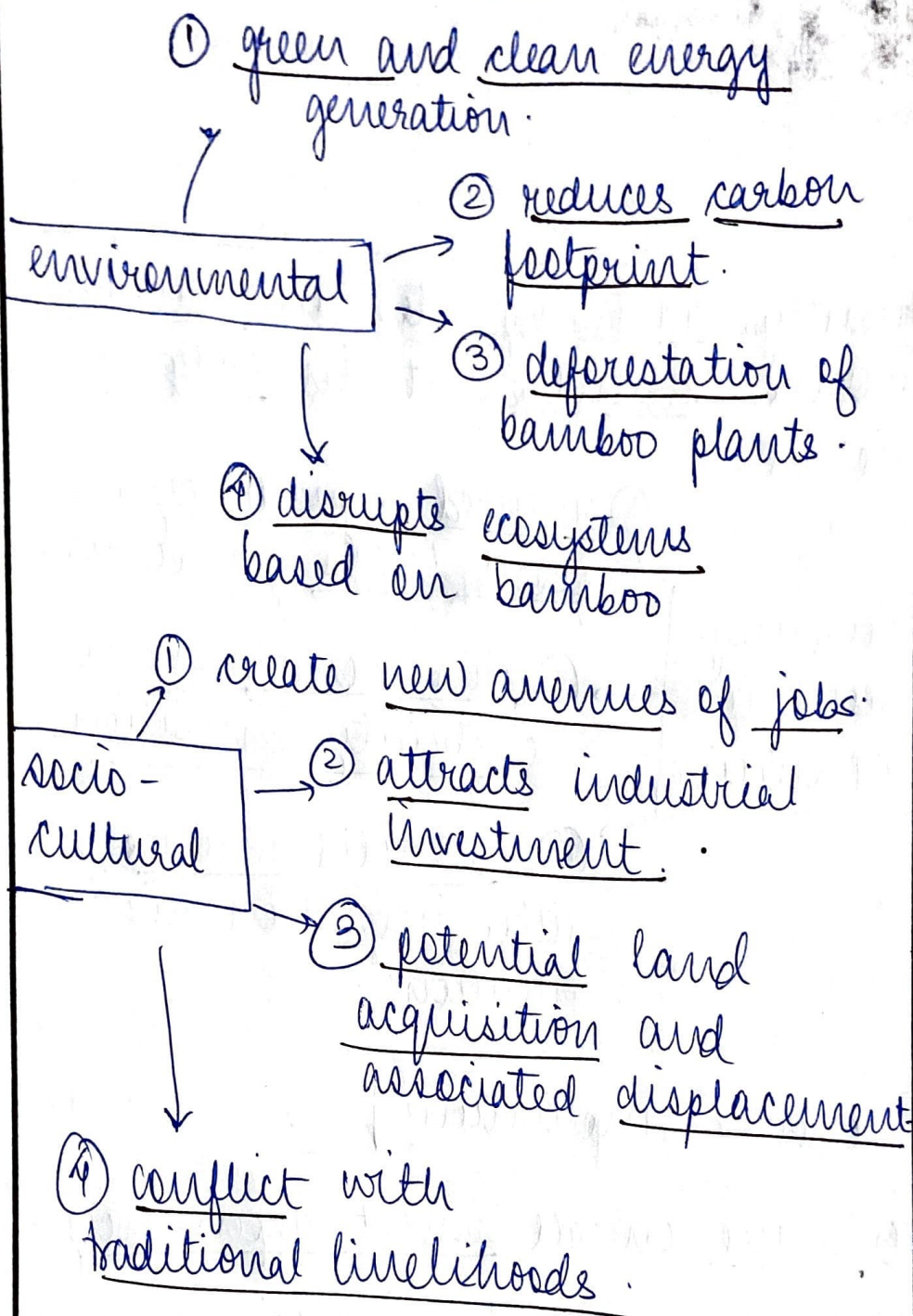
Recently, PM inaugurated the Bamboo derived ethanol plant in Golghat district.

emerging green fuel alternative

- ① reduced dependency on fossil fuels for power.
- ② can promote green electricity generation.
- ③ no solid residues; little impact on air pollution.

Economic implications

- ① reduce overall import dependency.
- ② boost to India's energy's security.
- ③ however, it has initial cost of setup.
- ④ requires skilled manpower.



The idea of Bamboo derived ethanol is key to cement Assam's bid to reduce climate energy. It can be more fruitful when synergy is achieved among all stakeholders.

Feedback (For office use only)
Structure/ Presentation
Question Interpretation
Content
Value Addition
Penalty (If any)
Total

Q11. "Balancing economic growth with ecological justice and cultural agreement is the only way Assam can develop without losing its identity." Examine.

প্রশ্ন ১১: "পৰিৱেশগত ন্যায্য আৰু সাংস্কৃতিক চুক্তিৰ সৈতে অৰ্থনৈতিক বিকাশৰ ভাৰসাম্য বজাই ৰখাটোৱেই হৈছে অসমৰ পৰিচয় হেৰুওৱাকৈ বিকাশৰ একমাত্ৰ উপায়।" মূল্যায়ন কৰক।

(Answer in 250 words)

Assam boasts of a rich cultural heritage and unique social diversity. Its unique and strategic location makes its role crucial for the Indian state.

① accelerated industrialisation under Advantage Assam 2.0

aspects of economic growth

→ ② focus on medical tourism (14 new medical colleges).

→ ③ new semiconductor plant @ Jajiroad.

→ ④ new airports and waterways.

⑤ transition to green energy and new EV policy

Ecological justice and cultural agreement:

- ① devolution of autonomy to tribal councils under VI schedule.
- ② protection of our fragile ecosystems in Karbi and North Lachar region.
- ③ addressing land titles issues to adinasis.
- ④ protection to marginalised groups like Bodo, Karbi and tea tribes.
- ⑤ protection and promotion of indigenous sattras and naaghars.
- ⑥ boost to local Assamese cinema, literature and fine arts.
- ⑦ promoting eco-tourism.

Balancing the two to ensure Assam develops without losing its identity:

- ① due processes of EIA to ensure environmental sustainability.
- ② dedicated animal corridors to reduce human-animal conflict.
- ③ creating disaster resilient infrastructure.
- ④ context and area specific local industries - eg. bell metal in Sarthebari.
- ⑤ promotion to religious tourism and eco-tourism.
- ⑥ showcasing Assam's heritage at world expos.
- ⑦ exploring Assam's renewable energy generation potential.

It is necessary to balance our aspirations with environment to ensure a synergy is achieved and further development is holistic and inclusive.

Feedback (For office use only)
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Q12. Trace the evolution of Assamese cinema from its inception to the present day. How are contemporary Assamese films, including biopics, reflecting changing social themes and audience preferences? Illustrate with suitable examples.

প্ৰশ্ন ১২: অসমীয়া চলচ্চিত্ৰৰ আৰম্ভণিৰ পৰা বৰ্তমানলৈকে হোৱা বিবৰ্তনৰ বিষয়ে লিখক। জীৱনীমূলক ছবিকে ধৰি সমসাময়িক অসমীয়া ছবিসমূহে কেনেদৰে পৰিৱৰ্তিত সামাজিক বিষয়বস্তু আৰু দৰ্শকৰ পছন্দসমূহ প্ৰতিফলিত কৰে? উপযুক্ত উদাহৰণেৰে বৰ্ণনা কৰক।

(Answer in 250 words)

Assamese cinema had a humble beginning with JP Agarwala making the 1st Assamese film - Joymoti.

① 1st and 2nd Assamese movies, viz, Joymoti and Gudramalati.

contributions
of Jyotiprasad
Agarwala

② set up the first film studio in Tezpur.

③ made movies despite not having technical support.

④ appreciated by Laxminath Bezbaruah and GN Bordoloi.

① movies like Natun Priithibi touched crucial topics of widows remarriage.

② Piyeli Phukan directed by Phani Sharma won certificate from Assam.

③ Emergence of Mr. Bipin Hazarika as a film maestro with directorial debut at Esa Bator Sur.

④ Movies like Sandhyarag, Anirban, Abortan by Bhabendranath Saikia reflected Assamese society - its components and realities.

Many of his films received national awards.

⑤ contemporary films by Jahnu Barua combine emotional depth with social critique.

⑥ new generation filmmakers like Rima Das explore segments of rural Assam in detail.

Contemporary films reflecting social themes and audience preferences

① Rima Das' films explore daily life and struggle of rural society.

② showcasing condition of Assam's women and their restrictions.

③ rise of films in local dialects. eg. village Rockstar.

④ new genres →

- Bhaimon da (biopic)
- Dr. Bezbarua 2 (suspense)
- Local Kungfu (action comedy)

⑤ new actors replacing veterans.
eg. Jay Hanuman.

Assamese cinema is a reflection
of Assam's growing social clout
and reflects the society's
consciousness towards culture
and heritage.

Feedback
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Structure/
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Examine.
প্রশ্ন ১৩: "আন্তঃরাজ্যিক সীমান্ত সংঘর্ষ উত্তর-পূর্ব বাবে কোনো সুকীয়া ঘটনা নহয়, কিন্তু ইয়াত ঔপনিবেশিক উত্তরাধিকাৰ, জাতিগত অভাৱলৈপ আৰু ভূ-ৰাজনৈতিক দুৰ্বলতাৰ বাবে ই অধিক তীব্ৰতা লাভ কৰে।" সমালোচনামূলকভাৱে পৰীক্ষা কৰক।
(Answer in 250 words)

→ ③ administration around Delhi NCR also raises issues amongst Delhi, Uttar Pradesh and Haryana.

① Assam-Nagaland issue
over Dimapur.

② conflict on
→ Khamapasa with
Assam-Meghalaya.

→ ③ Assam-Mizoram
conflict in
Karinganyi.

Border
conflicts
in northeast

④ delineation of borders
for Inner Line Permit
(ILP)

Colonial legacies

① neglect of ethnicity while drawing
boundaries.

② colonial state's interest in only
northeast policies forests.

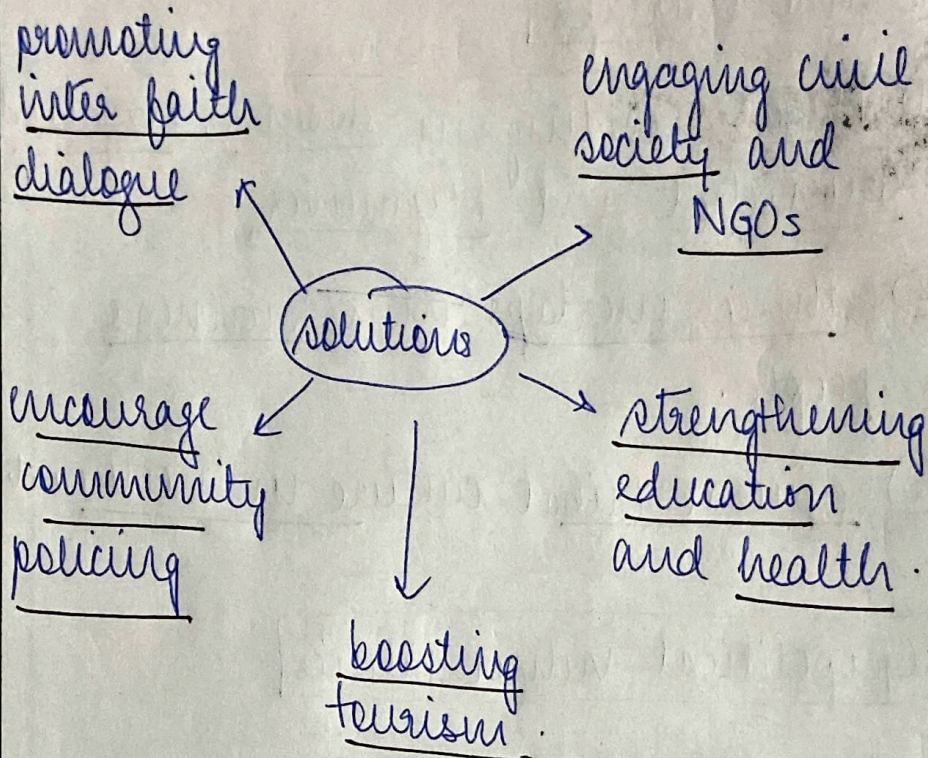
③ policy of isolationism post 1870.

Ethnic overlaps

- ① Nagas residing in Assam, Nagaland, Arunachal and Myanmar.
- ② ethnic overlaps with Burmese people.
- ③ diverse tribal culture in northeast.

Geopolitical vulnerabilities

- ① threats from Death crescent.
- ② insurgent groups. eg. NSCN, ULFA.
- ③ issues of migration from Bangladesh.
- ④ refugee situations. eg. Rohingyas, Chakmas, Hajongs.



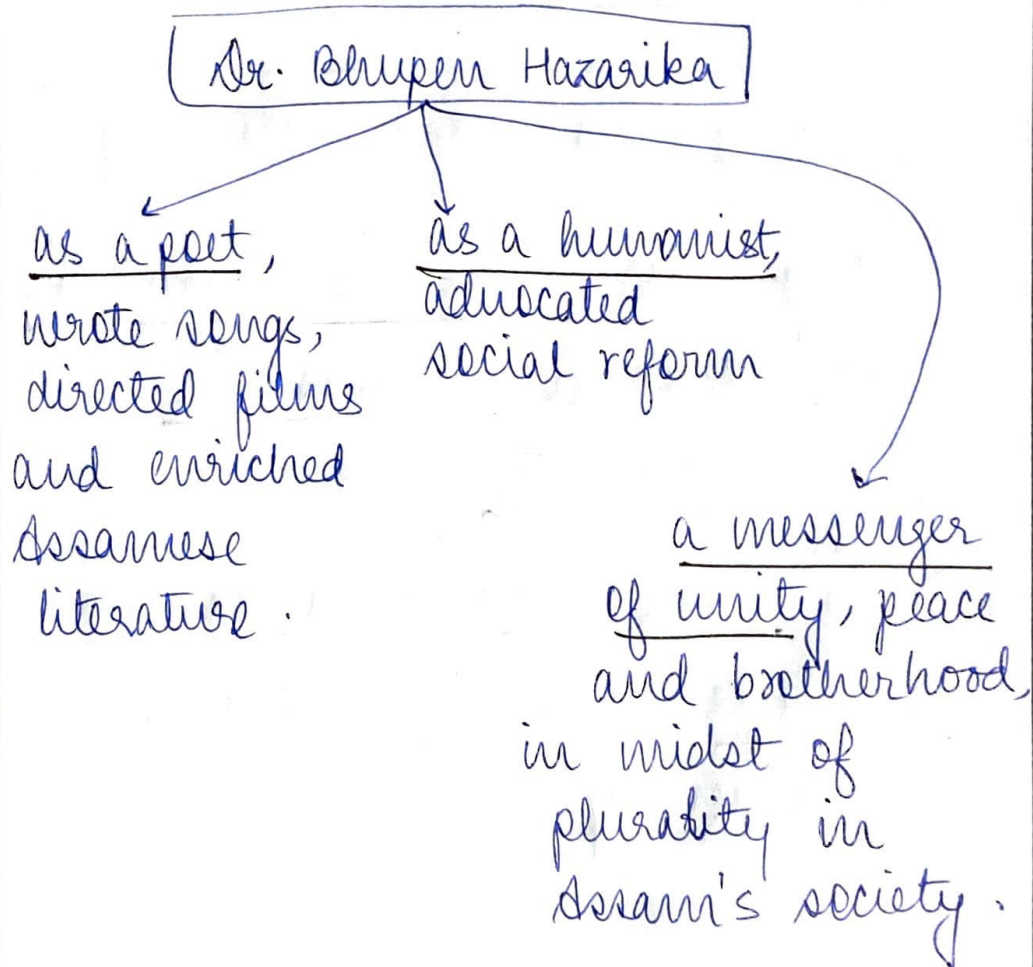
Hence, to ensure vibrancy in northeast, sustained dialogue is must to strengthen national identity and unity.

Feedback (For office use only)
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Question Interpretation
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Q14. "Dr. Bhupen Hazarika, through his music and writing, was a poet, a humanist, and a messenger of unity - all rolled into one." Illustrate, with examples, how his work advanced social reform, communal harmony, and the cultural identity of Assam and the North-East.

প্ৰশ্ন ১৪: "ড° ভূপেন হাজৰিকা তেখেতৰ সংগীত আৰু লিখনিৰ জৰিয়তে এগৰাকী কবি, মানৱতাবাদী আৰু একতাৰ বাৰ্তাবাহক আছিল-সকলোকে এক কৰিছিল।" তেখেতৰ কৰ্মই কেনেদৰে অসম আৰু উত্তৰ-পূবৰ সামাজিক সংস্কাৰ, সাম্প্ৰদায়িক সম্প্ৰীতি আৰু সাংস্কৃতিক পৰিচয়ক আগুৱাই লৈ গৈছিল তাৰ উদাহৰণ দিয়া।
(Answer in 250 words)

Recently, a 100 rupee coin was released by RBI to commemorate the birth centenary of Dr. Bhupen Hazarika, popularly called, Sudhakontho.



Advancing social reform

- ① songs like "Sola he Sola", he gave voice to the oppressed palangium bearers → showing class struggle.
- ② his lyrics often outlined plight of farmers, poor.

Advocating communal harmony

- ① songs like "Maanuke Maanukor Baake" pleads for compassion across humanity.
- ② his work drew from various languages, showing tolerance and diversity.

Cultural identity of Assam and northeast :

- ① his work based on heavily from culture, festivals, landscape of Brahmaputra and northeast.
- ② he composed "Drumchal Hamara", which became later the state song.
- ③ during Assam Andolan, his songs reflected anxiety and hopes of Assamese people.

In a nutshell, Blupen Hazarika's contribution to Assam is mammoth. Receiving Bharat Ratna posthumously and earning the title of "Bard of Brahmaputra" cements his place in eternity.

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Q15. Renewable energy has immense potential in Assam, yet its expansion faces ecological, social, and governance challenges. Critically examine, with reference to recent developments.

প্ৰশ্ন ১৫: অসমত নৱীকৰণযোগ্য শক্তিৰ অপৰিসীম সম্ভাৱনা আছে, তথাপিও ইয়াৰ সম্প্ৰসাৰণে পৰিবেশগত, সামাজিক আৰু প্ৰশাসনৰ প্ৰত্যাহ্বানৰ সন্মুখীন হৈছে। শেহতীয়া উন্নয়নৰ সন্দৰ্ভত সমালোচনামূলকভাৱে পৰীক্ষা কৰক।

(Answer in 250 words)

Renewable energy sources are not limited and can be replenished with natural interventions.

① sub-tropical location provides sunlight and solar energy potential.

Immense potential in Assam

② perennial rivers increase hydropower capacity.

③ strong regional winds during monsoon → wind energy.

④ potential hotspots of geothermal energy

Ecological challenges

- ① fragile ecosystems and seismic zones in Assam.
- ② annual floods every year.
- ③ rising challenge of climate change.
- ④ man-elephant conflict.

Social challenges

- ① diverse and pluralistic society.
- ② fear of tribal displacement.
- ③ vulnerable groups like Tiva, Karbi, Rabhas etc.
- ④ difficult consensus building.

Governance challenges

- ① land acquisition delays.

- ② obtaining environmental clearances.
- ③ rising vote bank and identity politics.
- ④ active insurgent groups along state borders.

① new EV policy adopted for clean transport.

Recent developments

- ② surya ghar yojana undertaken.
- ③ solar pumps under PM-KUSUM.
- ④ hydropower projects with Bhutan.
- ⑤ learning mindfulness from Gelephu city.

collaborate
with private
sector

reforms in
bureaucracy



active
citizen
engagement

focus on
job creation via
renewable
energy

As Assam progresses, its renewable
energy potential has to be
tapped rightly to ensure our
goals of SDGs and Panchamrit

Feedback (For office use only)
Structure/ Presentation
Question Interpretation
Content
Value Addition
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Q16. Women reformers and freedom fighters like Kanaklata Barua, Rani Gaidinliu, and Indira Miri made distinct contributions to Assam and the Northeast. Briefly discuss their role in shaping social reform, women's empowerment, and resistance against colonialism.

প্রশ্ন ১৬: কনকলতা বরুয়া, রাণী গাইদিনলিউ আৰু ইন্দিৰা মিৰীৰ দৰে মহিলা সংস্কাৰক আৰু স্বাধীনতা সংগ্ৰামীসকলে অসম আৰু উত্তৰ-পূবলৈ বিশিষ্ট অৱদান আগবঢ়াইছিল। সামাজিক সংস্কাৰ, মহিলা সবলীকৰণ আৰু ঔপনিৱেশিকতাৰ বিৰুদ্ধে প্ৰতিৰোধ গঢ়ি তোলাত তেওঁলোকৰ ভূমিকাৰ বিষয়ে চমু আলোচনা কৰক।

(Answer in 250 words)

The participation from women reformers and freedom fighters expanded the base of the struggle and caused social awakening.

Contribution of Kanaklata Barua

① As a young girl, she wished to join INA but was rejected for being a minor.

② She joined the Maityu Bahini, suicide squad against British.

③ during Quit India movement, she led a group in Gohpur to unfurl the national flag. She was shot as police open fired.

④ Her bravery reflects the bid of

courage and resistance against colonialism.

Rani Gaidinlu

- ① joined the Heraka reform movement
- ② advocated against growing influence of Christianity and Vaishnavism.
- ③ gradually, it became a social-political movement to drive out colonial masters and a larger social reform.

Indira Miri

- ① Born in Shillong, she worked extensively for NEFA (now Arunachal).
- ② highlighted evils of child marriage and polygamy.

③ advocated female education,
thereby, women empowerment.

① prevalent patriarchal norms.

② class and caste struggle
empowered gender
issues.

challenges

③ limited spatial
reach.

④ less access to education.

Despite this, women reformers
discussed before and others like
Chandraprabha Saikiani and
Pushpalata Das set out the broad
narratives for women-led
movement.

SPM IAS ACADEMY

SHAPING BRILLIANCE

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anything beyond
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Structure/ Presentation
Question Interpretation
Content
Value Addition
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Q17. Assam recently established the State Commission for the Right to Public Services. Examine how such an institutional mechanism can enhance accountability and transparency in service delivery while addressing governance challenges in the state.

প্রশ্ন ১৭: অসমত শেহতীয়াকৈ ৰাজহুৱা সেৱাৰ অধিকাৰৰ বাবে ৰাজ্যিক আয়োগ গঠন কৰা হৈছে। ৰাজ্যখনত প্ৰশাসনৰ প্ৰত্যাহ্বানৰ মোকাবিলা কৰাৰ সময়ত এনে এক প্ৰতিষ্ঠানিক ব্যৱস্থাই কেনেদৰে সেৱা প্ৰদানত দায়বদ্ধতা আৰু স্বচ্ছতা বৃদ্ধি কৰিব পাৰে পৰীক্ষা কৰক। (Answer in 250 words)

The decision to establish the state Commission for the Right to Public Services (SCRPS) is a step towards good governance and reaffirms Assam government's larger goal of citizen-centric administration.

can be enforceable by courts.

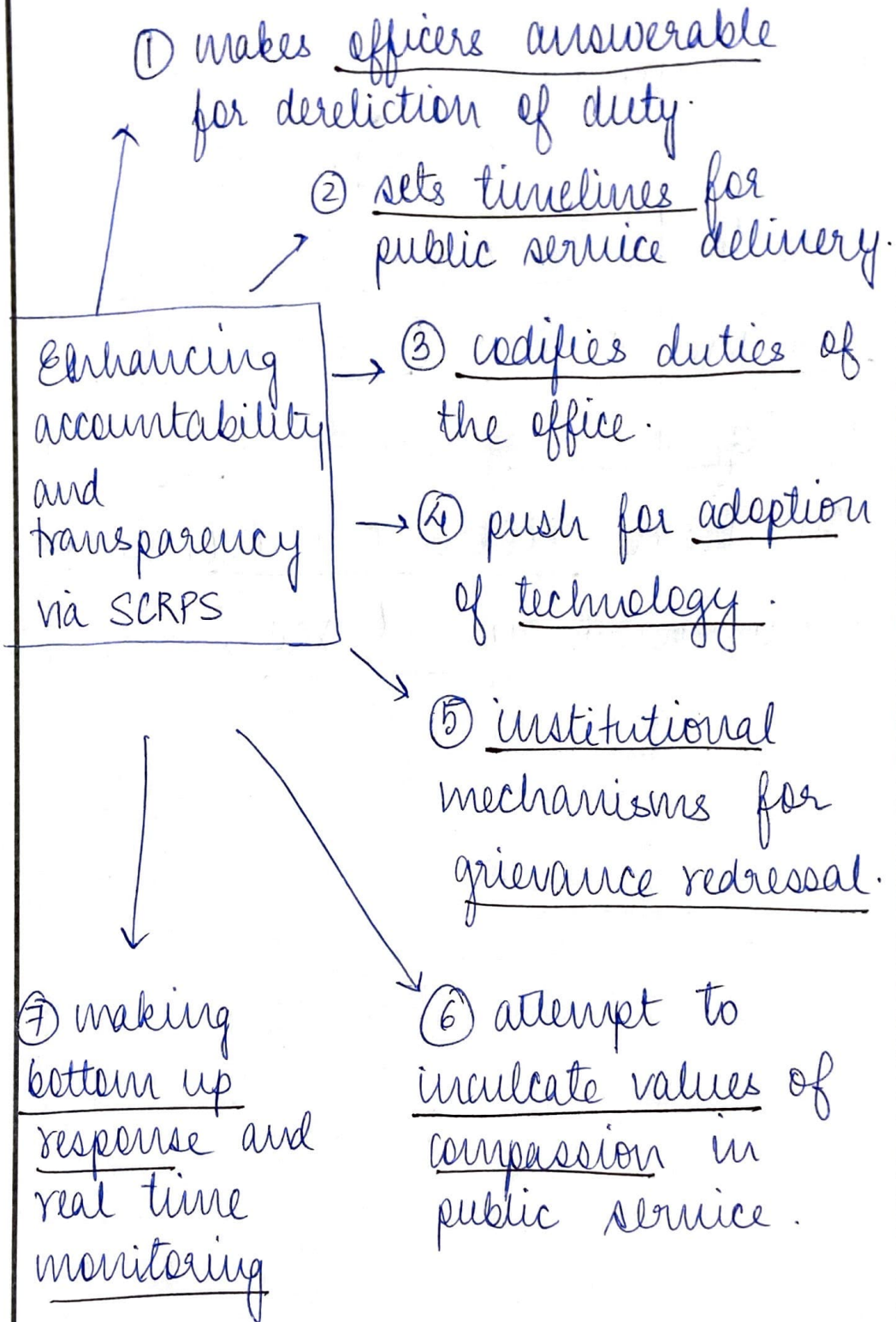
Public services are a matter of right as a part of statute.



aligns with the vision of minimum government maximum governance.

Governance challenges in the state:

- ① low adoption of tools of ICT and e-governance.
- ② digital divide among rural and urban areas.
- ③ infrastructural deficits in Barak valley.
- ④ bureaucratic inertia and colonial mindset. eg. masi-baap culture.
- ⑤ red tapism, delays, cost overruns and uneasy of doing business.
- ⑥ balancing ecological preservation and economic growth.
- ⑦ pluralistic and diversity in Assam's society.



going forward, mere institution creation is not enough. There have to be focus on democratic decentralisation and sustained capacity building efforts to make governance citizen-oriented, as recommended by 2nd ARC.

Feedback (For office use only)
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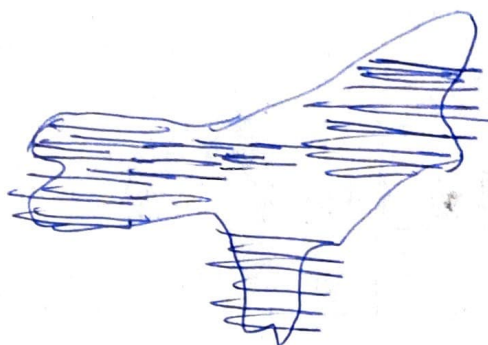
Q18. Examine how technological tools such as the Flood Hazard Atlas are helping Assam move from relief-centric disaster management towards resilience-building.

প্ৰশ্ন ১৮: বানপানী বিপদাশংকা এটলাসৰ দৰে প্ৰযুক্তিগত সঁজুলিসমূহে কেনেদৰে অসমক সাহায্য-কেন্দ্ৰিক দুৰ্যোগ ব্যৱস্থাপনাৰ পৰা স্থিতিস্থাপকতা-নিৰ্মাণৰ দিশত আগবাঢ়ি যোৱাত সহায় কৰিছে পৰীক্ষা কৰক।
(Answer in 250 words)

Disaster management, globally had been relief-centric, i.e., resettlement and aid providing post-disaster.

The Hyogo framework (2005) and Sendai framework (2015-30) enhance focus on disaster risk reduction and capacity building.

In this regard, technological tools like Flood Hazard Atlas are ensuring better preparedness, especially in Assam, where floods are observed annually.

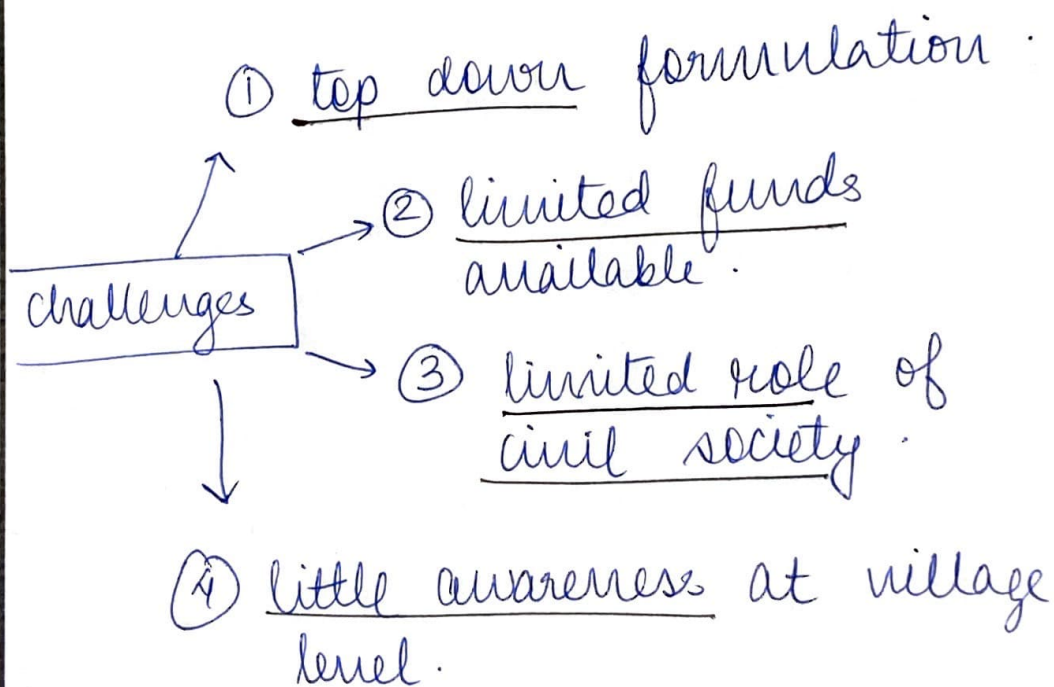


- ① $\frac{2}{3}$ rd of Assam's area is flood prone, as highlighted above.

Significance of flood hazard atlas

- ① scientific and objective data on nature of floods.
- ② informs about the most flood prone areas.
- ③ detailed explanation of the hazards associated. eg. water contamination.
- ④ codified guidelines on preparedness measures. eg. regular dredging, afforestation.

- ⑤ do's and don'ts during floods.
- ⑥ step-by-step orientation of evacuation and resettlement.
- ⑦ awareness generation at the community level.
- ⑧ outlines the essential role of inter-departmental coordination.
- ⑨ lists out traditional techniques like bamboo huts in flood proofing houses.



The importance of analgamating technology and associated tools help to better handle disasters like floods and is crucial to same lines, as outlined in the

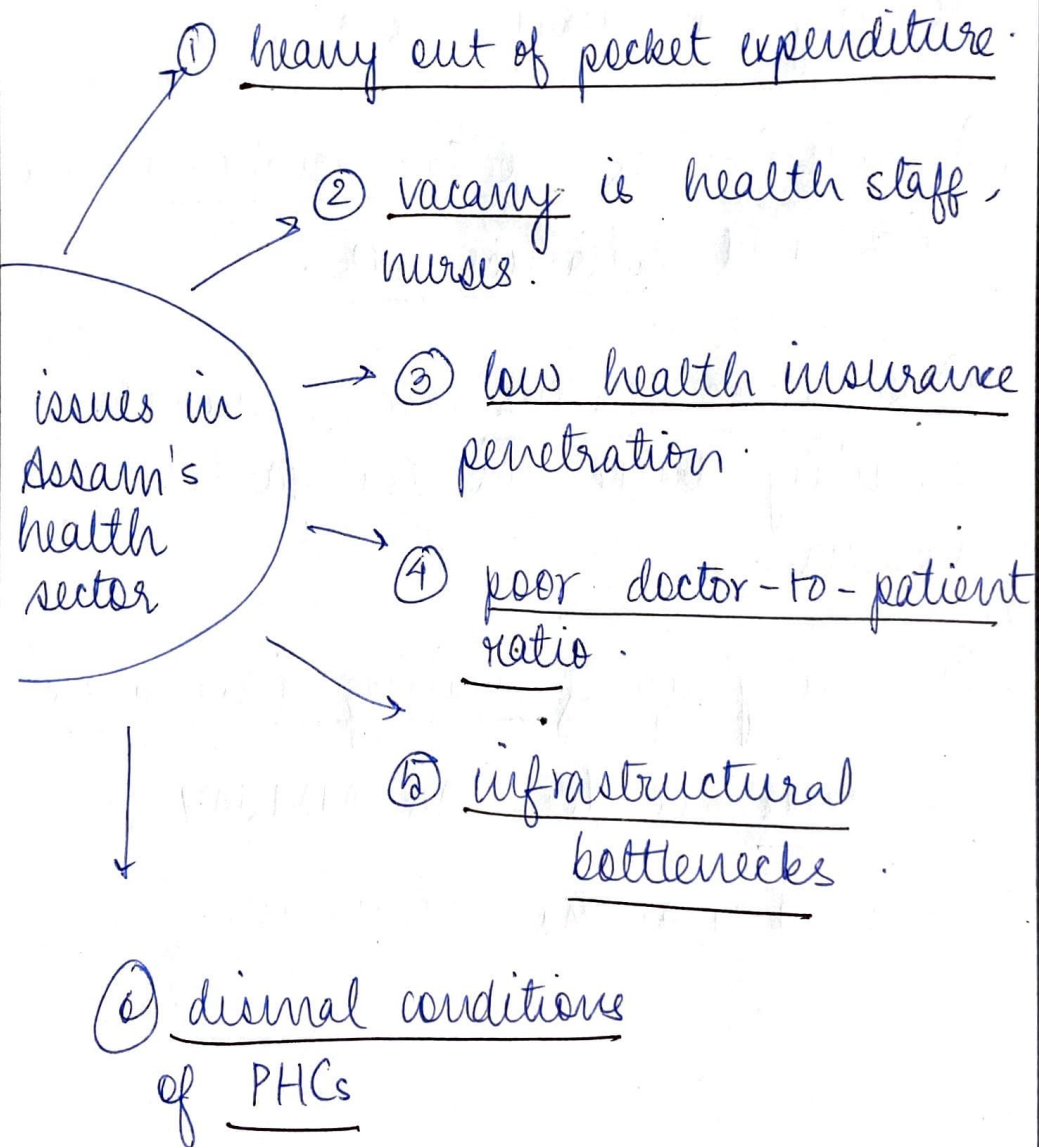
PM's 10-point disaster risk
reduction agenda.

Feedback (For office use only)
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Question Interpretation
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Q19. Discuss the provisions in the Assam Budget 2025-26 aimed at fulfilling Sustainable Development Goal 3. How do these measures complement the initiatives of the Union government?

প্রশ্ন ১৯: বহনক্ষম উন্নয়ন লক্ষ্য - ৩ ব পূরণৰ লক্ষ্যৰে অসম বাজেট ২০২৫-২৬ ত থকা ব্যৱস্থাসমূহৰ বিষয়ে আলোচনা কৰক। এই ব্যৱস্থাসমূহে কেনেকৈ কেন্দ্ৰীয় চৰকাৰৰ পদক্ষেপসমূহৰ পৰিপূৰক হয়? (Answer in 250 words)

Sustainable Development Goal - 3 (SDG 3)
is aimed towards good health and well-being.



Initiatives in 2025-26 budget towards SDG-3

- ① around 5.5% of the total budget allocated to health sector.
- ② financial incentives to doctors serving in rural areas.
- ③ expansion of special newborn care units and pediatrics ICUs.
- ④ "Kangaroo mother care", health screening drive for tea-garden women.
- ⑤ scaling up of existing insurance schemes under AA-MMJAY and Jan aushadi kendras.

① special focus on tea tribes, promoting inclusive growth.

- ## Way forward

- Email: spmiasacademy@gmail.com
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④ collaborating with private
sector.

A holistic effort at state level
can complement Union's level
and improve quality of life,
and thus, advance India
towards SDG-3.

Feedback (For office use only)
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Question Interpretation
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Value Addition
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Q20. Assam's Policy for Concert Tourism seeks to develop the state as a hub for large-scale music events. Critically examine how such initiatives can affect socio-economic development, urban culture, and cultural identity.

প্রশ্ন ২০: অসমৰ কনচাৰ্ট পৰ্যটনৰ নীতিয়ে ৰাজ্যখনক বৃহৎ পৰিমাণৰ সংগীত অনুষ্ঠানৰ কেন্দ্ৰ হিচাপে বিকশিত কৰিবলৈ বিচাৰিছে। এনে পদক্ষেপসমূহে আৰ্থ-সামাজিক উন্নয়ন, নগৰীয়া সংস্কৃতি আৰু সাংস্কৃতিক পৰিচয়ক কেনেদৰে প্ৰভাৱিত কৰিব পাৰে সেয়া সমালোচনামূলকভাৱে পৰীক্ষা কৰক।

(Answer in 250 words)

The craze around concerts in India has risen. Recently, Shillong hosted Coldplay concert, which created a buzz, reflecting northeast's potential for concerts.

① incentives to hotels and homestays to improve hospitality sector.

→ ② upgradation of infrastructure at Sarusajai stadium.

→ ③ safety and security SOPs.

↓
④ monitoring via technology like drones.

Assam's
policy for
concert
tourism

Critical examination of impact on:

I. Socio-economic development

- ① limited avenues for job creation.
- ② seasonal employment. eg. most concerts in winter.
- ③ altering Assam's social structure, rooted in orthodox culture.

II. Urban culture

- ① reflects rising consumerism and imitation of West.
- ② drives away youth from studies towards partial satisfaction.
- ③ shift to fast track music preference over classical melody.

III. Cultural identity

① Overshadowing Assam's traditional folk music and dance like bargeets and sattriya dance.

② displays Assam as more western than Indian.

③ diminishes cultural diversity.

① attracts investment via tickets sold.

overall
benefits

② shows Assam's managerial capacity.

③ reflects the openness in Assamese society.

④ creates new avenues of gainful employment.

The overall step towards promoting concerts is beneficial for Assam's economic growth. It has to be balanced and sustained, in the light of rapid modernity and change.

Feedback (For office use only)
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Question Interpretation
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