



APSC MAINS TS'24 - TEST 15 (GS PAPER 5)

Duration: 3 Hrs

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(Please fill your details correctly)

Medium:

English



Assamese



INDEX NUMBER			INSTRUCTIONS
Q.NO.	Maximum Marks	Marks Obtained.	
1	10		Please read each of the following instruction carefully before attempting the questions: - There are TWENTY questions printed in ENGLISH and ASSAMESE. - All questions are compulsory. - The number of marks carried by a question/part is indicated against it. - The answers must not exceed the prescribed word limit indicated against each question. - Answers must be written in the medium authorised in the Admission Certificate which must be stated clearly on the cover of this Question-cum-Answer (QCA) Booklet in the space provided. No marks will be given for answers written in medium other than the authorised one. - Checking to be done with main aim of evaluating a candidate's ability of express ideas in lucid manner. - Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-cum-Answer Booklet must be clearly struck off
2	10		
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20	15		
TOTAL:	250		Signature of the Student: <i>Jadumoni Panyang</i> Invigilator's Signature: <u>NOTE: EVALUATION PERIOD FOR THE MAINS TEST SERIES COPY IS 10 DAYS.</u>

DETAIL FEEDBACK

ALL THE BEST

Q1. What is inclusive growth? Discuss its key dimensions in the context of Assam's socio-economic landscape.

প্রশ্ন ১) অন্তর্ভুক্তিমূলক বিকাশ কি? অসমৰ আৰ্থ-সামাজিক পৰিৱেশৰ সন্দৰ্ভত ইয়াৰ মূল দিশবোৰ আলোচনা কৰক।

(Answer in 150 words)

Ans ⇒ Inclusive growth means development of a society in large, where every individuals of a society gets chance to grow.

key Dimensions in the context of Assam

① Poverty alleviations :- According to the NITI Aayog's Multi Dimensional Poverty Assam has 32 % poverty, largest in the country.

② Gender equality :-

↳ Equal opportunity to the female groups of the state in education, health and politics.

③ Reduce inequality between Rich and Poor class of the society.

④ Peasants welfare :-

→ scheme like Kishan credit card and others initiative of government.

⑤ Employment generation

→ India has 3.2% unemployment rate.

In SDG-10 its talk about inclusive growth of people, the government of Assam take various initiative like CM Atma Nirbhar Assam, CM Mahila Udyamik Abhyam, for inclusive growth in the state.

Feedback (For office use only)
Structure/ Presentation
Question Interpretation
Content
Value Addition
Penalty (If any)
Total

Q2. What is flood hazard zonation? How does Assam's Flood Hazard Zonation Atlas contribute to risk-informed planning under the Prime Minister's 10-Point Agenda for Disaster Risk Reduction?

প্রশ্ন ২) বানপানীৰ বিপদাশংকাৰ অঞ্চল কি? দুৰ্যোগৰ বিপদাশংকা হ্ৰাসৰ বাবে প্ৰধানমন্ত্ৰীৰ ১০ টা সূত্ৰৰ কাৰ্যসূচীৰ অধীনত অসমৰ বানপানীৰ বিপদাশংকাৰ অঞ্চলৰ মানচিত্ৰকৰণ (Flood Hazard Zonation Atlas) য়ে বিপদাশংকা-জ্ঞাত পৰিকল্পনাত কেনেদৰে অৰিহণা যোগায়? (Answer in 150 words)

Ans ⇒ Flood hazard zonation is a mitigation ~~tech~~ techies of government, where ~~prone~~ flood prone areas are mapping for future hazard.

Contribution of Flood Hazard Zonation Atlas

① Signifies the Disaster prone area

eg:- Recently released report of Flood hazard atlas signifies ~ 30% of land of Assam is flood prone.

② Policy formation

→ eg: Govt of India provide budgetary allocation to Assam for combating flood.

③ Preparedness & Mitigation

→ Detecting flood prone areas help in preparedness and mitigation process before the disaster.

④ Resilient infrastructure Development

→ It's helps in construction work in flood zonation area.

Assam situated in flood prone Area. The flood hazard Atlas will help in mitigation and preparedness for flood.

Feedback (For office use only)
Structure/ Presentation
Question Interpretation
Content
Value Addition
Penalty (If any)
Total

Q3. Bhaskaravarman played a crucial role in placing Kamarupa on the early medieval Indian political map. Examine his contributions to diplomacy, statecraft, and cultural consolidation.

প্রশ্ন ৩) ভাস্করবর্মানে কামৰূপক প্ৰাৰম্ভিক মধ্যযুগীয় ভাৰতীয় ৰাজনৈতিক মানচিত্ৰত স্থাপন কৰাত এক গুৰুত্বপূৰ্ণ ভূমিকা পালন কৰিছিল। কূটনীতি, ৰাষ্ট্ৰকলা আৰু সাংস্কৃতিক একত্ৰীকৰণত তেওঁৰ অৱদান পৰীক্ষা কৰক।

(Answer in 150 words)

Ans ⇒ The last king of Varman Dynasty of Assam, Bhaskarvarman Coronation ceremony in 594 AD is known as Bhaskaravda.

Role of ~~the~~ Bhaskarvarman

① Diplomacy

- ① His relation with China, through trade.
- ② Friendship between him and Harshavardan to defeat Sastrik of Gauda.

② statecraft

- ① well developed administrative system, king at centre.
- ② No revolt against him

During his reign.

③ Equal treatment of his subject

cultural consolidation

① Inviting Chinese Pilgrimage Hiuen Tsang to Assam during his reign.

② sent painting ~~Pat~~ 'Pat ~~at~~ and Tulika' to Harshavardhan as a gift.

③ In his court various religious leaders from Hindu, Buddhism etc presents.

In Hiuen Tsang Books Siyu-ki, the reign of Bhaskarvarman well mentioned.

Feedback
(For office use only)

Structure/
Presentation

Question
Interpretation

Content

Value Addition

Penalty (If any)

Total

Q4. "Tribal farming practices in the North East are 'sustainable by tradition'." Elaborate.

প্রশ্ন ৪) "উত্তর-পূর্বাঞ্চলৰ জনজাতীয় কৃষি পদ্ধতি 'পৰম্পৰা অনুসৰি বহনক্ষম'। বহলাই লিখক

(Answer in 150 words)

Ans ⇒ The North-Eastern states of India where most of peoples are from tribal groups, engaging in a age old practices of traditional farming.

Reasons for sustainable

① Most of the tribal groups dependent on nature for farming.

eg: Assam's agriculture seasons mainly dependent on Monsoon rains.

② Organic Farming

→ Not Dependent on Pesticides and other chemical pesticides for agriculture.

eg: Sikkim is countries first organic farming

state.

- ③ Jhum cultivation by tribal groups like Garo, Khasi, in Meghalaya.
- ④ ~~State~~ Festivals related to Agriculture. eg: Bihu celebration of Assam during the Agriculture seasons etc.
- ⑤ Tribals groups of North-East engage in Agriculture for self consumption, not for ~~any~~ any economic earning.

From the Part the tribals of North-eastern state engage in traditional Agricultural practices, due to their connection with and belief with nature.

Feedback (For office use only)
Structure/ Presentation
Question Interpretation
Content
Value Addition
Penalty (If any)
Total

Q5. Youth unemployment and underemployment remain key challenges in Assam. How does the Mukhya Mantri Atmanirbhar Asom Abhiyan aim to address them?

প্রশ্ন ৫) যুৱক-যুৱতীসকলৰ কমহীনতা আৰু কম কৰ্মসংস্থাপন অসমৰ বাবে মূল প্ৰত্যাহ্বান হৈছে আছে। মুখ্যমন্ত্ৰী আত্মনিৰ্ভৰ অসম অভিযানে তেওঁলোকক কেনেদৰে সম্বোধন কৰাৰ লক্ষ্য লৈছে

(Answer in 150 words)

Ans ⇒ The current most challenging issues of state of Assam is youth unemployment and underemployment. To address this problem Govt launched Mukhya Mantri Atmanirbhar Asom Abhiyan in 2024-25 budget.

Aim of Mukhya Mantri Atmanirbhar Asom Abhiyan

① Developing entrepreneurial mindset in youth of Assam.

eg: Assam govt provides loan upto 2 lakh per person to start business.

② Skill Development among youth of Assam

eg: Opening of Assam skill

university, to train youth of Assam.

③ Creating employment among youth by inviting various multi national company under Advantage Assam programme.

④ Technical and financial support to youth for Agricultural activity, etc.

⑤ Assam has huge potential for economic growth due to its youth, but without employment and skill, this may turn into disaster. So the initiative of Mukhya Mantri Atmanirbhar Assam is positive directions.

Feedback (For office use only)
Structure/ Presentation
Question Interpretation
Content
Value Addition
Penalty (If any)
Total

Q6. Trade and tariff wars among major economies are often seen as global disruptions. Examine how such conflicts can create economic opportunities for India's North Eastern region.

প্রশ্ন ৬) প্রধান অর্থনীতিসমূহৰ মাজত বাণিজ্য আৰু শুল্ক যুদ্ধসমূহক প্ৰায়ে বিশ্বব্যাপী ব্যাঘাত হিচাপে দেখা যায়। এনে সংঘাতে কেনেকৈ ভাৰতৰ উত্তৰ-পূব অঞ্চলৰ বাবে অৰ্থনৈতিক সুযোগ সৃষ্টি কৰিব পাৰে পৰীক্ষা কৰক।

(Answer in 150 words)

Ans ⇒ In recent time global country witnessed war between countries not by using Arm, but by Trade & Tariff. eg recently America imposed 50% tariff on India.

Economic opportunities for North-East

① As India signed Free Trade Agreements with ASEAN country, it provides opportunity to North east states to export its products ~~as its share~~ now

② Employment opportunity

→ As Japan needed immediate 25000 working youth, creates opportunity for North-east state.

eg: Assam government launched ALIGHT scheme for skillling youth in Foreign language.

③ Non Tariff Measures

→ As tariff war between countries increased inflation in Agri-Products, farmers of North-east can export its product to global countries, it will boost their income.

④ Infrastructure Development

→ As various countries imposing tariff on China, which lead to various Multinational companies to establish factories outside China, this create opportunity to North-East states.

The recent events of trade and tariff war among global countries provides both opportunities and challenges for India as well as North-east. By minimizing challenges and enhancing opportunities ~~with~~ it is utmost important for India.

Feedback (For office use only)
Structure/ Presentation
Question Interpretation
Content
Value Addition
Penalty (If any)
Total

Q7. Financial inclusion is a critical pathway to women's empowerment. Examine how the Mahila Udyamita Achni aims to promote rural women entrepreneurship in Assam. What challenges need to be addressed to ensure its long-term success?

প্রশ্ন ৭) মহিলা সবলীকৰণৰ বাবে বিত্তীয় অন্তৰ্ভুক্তি হৈছে এক গুৰুত্বপূৰ্ণ পথ। মহিলা উদ্যমিতা আঁচনিৰে কেনেদৰে অসমত গ্ৰাম্য মহিলা উদ্যোগশীলতাক প্ৰসাৰিত কৰাৰ লক্ষ্য লৈছে পৰীক্ষা কৰক। ইয়াৰ দীৰ্ঘম্যাদী সফলতা নিশ্চিত কৰিবলৈ কি কি প্ৰত্যাহ্বানৰ মোকাবিলা কৰিব লাগিব?

(Answer in 150 words)

Ans ⇒ Financial inclusion means availing financial services to all people of the society.

Aims of Mahila Udyamita Achni

① women empowerment

→ Providing loans of 10,000 in 1st year per self help groups members.

② Skill Development

↳ Under this scheme aims to skill development among women.

③ Entrepreneurship among women

↳ Supporting women to start own business under this scheme.

Challenges need to address

- ① Capacity building among women's for leadership role.
- ② Skill development for matching current Demand of the society.
- ③ Patriarchal mindset of the society.
- ④ Emphasising on health and education of women in Assam.
eg:- NFHS-V report 63% of women are ^{having} anemia.

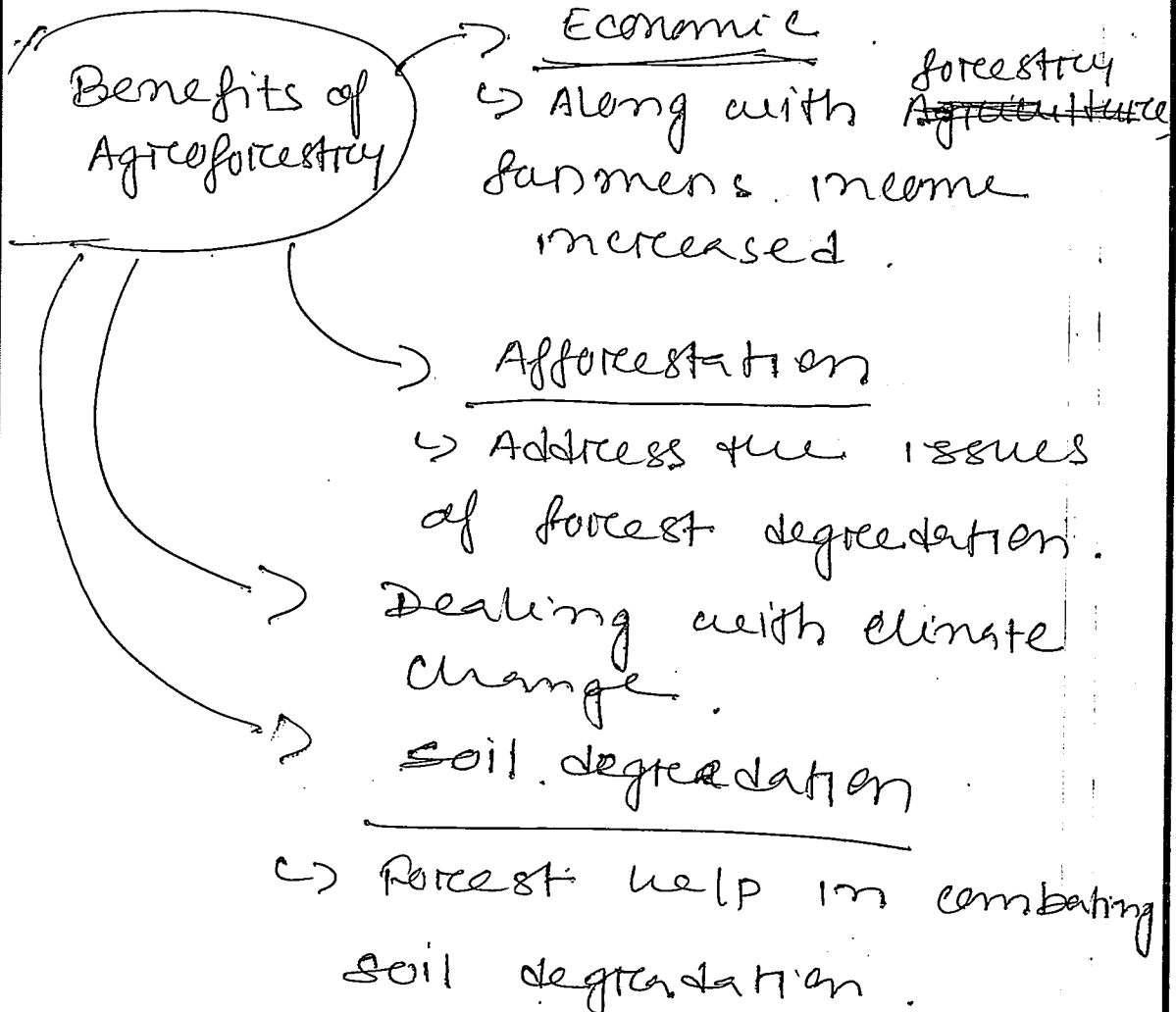
According to Gandhi "Educate a male means educate a individual, but educate a women means educating all members of the family". So women empowerment is must to ~~do~~ to address the issues of Gender inequality and inclusive growth.

Feedback (For office use only)
Structure/ Presentation
Question Interpretation
Content
Value Addition
Penalty (If any)
Total

Q8. What are the social benefits of agroforestry? Suggest ways to integrate citizen participation in the implementation of the Assam State Action Plan on Climate Change (SAPCC).

প্রশ্ন ৮) কৃষি বনায়নৰ সামাজিক লাভালাভসমূহ কি কি? জলবায়ু পৰিৱৰ্তনৰ ওপৰত অসম ৰাজ্যিক কাৰ্য্য পৰিকল্পনা (SAPCC)ৰ ৰূপায়ণত নাগৰিকৰ অংশগ্ৰহণ একত্ৰিত কৰাৰ উপায়সমূহৰ পৰামৰ্শ দিয়া।
(Answer in 150 words)

Ans ⇒ Agro forestry means practice of both agriculture and forestry for livelihood.



Ways to integrate people

① Awareness programme

↳ Awakening people about the impact of climate change.

② Education

↳ Inserting chapters about the climate change.

③ Panchayati Raj institutions

↳ Panchayat can play vital role in integrating peoples participation.

Climate change is most important challenges that faced by global country. To combating these, Along with government initiative, peoples participation is must.

Feedback (For office use only)
Structure/ Presentation
Question Interpretation
Content
Value Addition
Penalty (If any)
Total

Q9. "Tensions between the Centre and states often surface in the Northeast, where state-level concerns do not always align with national policies." Discuss with reference to recent examples. What are the implications of such tensions for India's federal structure?

প্রশ্ন ৯) "কেন্দ্র আৰু ৰাজ্যসমূহৰ মাজত থকা উত্তেজনা প্ৰায়ে উত্তৰ-পূবত দেখা দিয়ে, য'ত ৰাজ্যিক পৰ্যায়ৰ উদ্বেগবোৰ সদায় ৰাষ্ট্ৰীয় নীতিৰ সৈতে অমিল। " শেহতীয়া উদাহৰণৰ সন্দৰ্ভত আলোচনা কৰক। ভাৰতৰ যুক্তৰাষ্ট্ৰবাদৰ গাঁথনিৰ ওপৰত এনে উত্তেজনাৰ প্ৰভাৱ কি? (Answer in 150 words)

Ans → Tension between centre and states are known as Combating federalism, where states and centre view on particular issues is different.

Tensions between NE and centre

- ① In recent time the ongoing issues of Manipur, where leaders of Manipur differ in centres action against the issues.
- ② States like Nagaland where Demand of separate constitution and flag, so this the centre and states of Nagaland tension increase.

- ③ special status to ~~NE~~ NE states under 6th schedule, where centre policy not directly implement.
- ④ Role of opposition parties in state like Arunachal and Meghalaya create tensions.
- ⑤ Allegations of not taking actions against the issues of North-eastern people create tensions.

Feedback (For office use only)
Structure/ Presentation
Question Interpretation
Content
Value Addition
Penalty (If any)
Total

Q10. Gopinath Bordoloi's leadership was instrumental in safeguarding Assam's political and cultural identity during the critical phase of India's independence. Discuss.

প্রশ্ন ১০) ভাৰতৰ স্বাধীনতাৰ সংকটময় সময়ত অসমৰ ৰাজনৈতিক আৰু সাংস্কৃতিক পৰিচয় সুৰক্ষিত কৰাৰ ক্ষেত্ৰত গোপীনাথ বৰদলৈৰ নেতৃত্ব গুৰুত্বপূৰ্ণ ভূমিকা আছিল। আলোচনা কৰক।

(Answer in 150 words)

Ans → Gopinath Bordoloi was a freedom fighter and first chief minister of Assam in Independent Assam.

Contribution of Gopinath Bordoloi

① Safeguarding Assam from integrating with east-pakistan.

↳ During the independence time some groups ~~are~~ were trying to integrate Assam with east-pakistan, due to Bordoloi's resistance, the state of Assam safe from integrating with east-Pakistan.

② He is member of Constituent Assembly for dealing with ~~the~~ rights of tribals of North-east & states.

③ He always raised his voice for the ~~poor~~ political and cultural rights of North eastern people.

④ During his tenure of chief Minister of Assam development of important institutions like Guwahati University, All India Radio in Guwahati, Assam high court etc.

Because of its popularity and simplicity among people, the then governor of Assam conferred him with the title of Lokpriya.

Feedback (For office use only)
Structure/ Presentation
Question Interpretation
Content
Value Addition
Penalty (If any)
Total

Q11. Assess how the convergence of top-down policy interventions and bottom-up efforts is shaping the preservation and promotion of traditional crafts and handloom heritage in Assam.
প্রশ্ন ১১) ওপৰৰ পৰা-তললৈ(top-down) কৰা নীতিগত হস্তক্ষেপ আৰু তলৰ পৰা-ওপৰলৈ(bottom-up)কৰা প্ৰচেষ্টাৰ একত্ৰীকৰণে কেনেদৰে অসমত পৰম্পৰাগত শিল্পকৰ্ম আৰু হস্ততাঁত ঐতিহ্যৰ সংৰক্ষণ আৰু প্ৰচাৰক গঢ় দি আছে তাৰ মূল্যায়ন কৰক।
(Answer in 250 words)

Ans → Assam is rich in traditional crafts and handloom crafts. These practices are livelihoods for most of the people residing in the state.

Traditional craft of Assam

- ① Musk making craft in Majuli
- ② Bell-metal craft in Sorthbari
- ③ Terracota craft in Dhubri
- ④ Crafts making from Bamboo, cane etc.

This traditional crafts gives employment opportunities to the people of Assam as well as preserving culture.

Handloom sector

- ① Assam has the highest handloom,
eg: ~12 lakh people engage in handloom activity.
- ② Sualkuchi is known as Manchester of Assam due to its handloom sector.
- ③ GI tag to the various handloom products like gamosa, ~~etc~~ etc.

To deal with the problem facing by this sector convergence of ~~bot~~ both top down and bottom up approach is needed.

Top down approach

- ① Policy intervention
↳ eg: Preservation ~~for~~ of products for handloom sector.

- ② GI tag to the various crafts and handloom products.
- ③ schemes like PM Viswakarma for skill ~~and~~ development and financial support to peoples engage in craft making.

↑ Bottom up approach

- ① capacity building among the people.
- ② Govt of Assam decided to purchase ~~the~~ gamosa directly from weavers engaged in handloom.
- ③ Skill Development and Financial support to Santhebari bell-metal industry.
- ④ Excavations of Mayuli mask making to the global stage etc.

The crafts making and handloom sector is important for both employment generation and preserving Assamese culture and tradition. &

Feedback (For office use only)
Structure/ Presentation
Question Interpretation
Content
Value Addition
Penalty (If any)
Total

Q12. Highlight the efforts of the Assam government in achieving India's Panchamrit climate targets. Examine the role of decentralized renewable energy systems in supporting Assam's low-carbon energy transition.

প্রশ্ন ১২) ভাৰতৰ পঞ্চামৃত জলবায়ু লক্ষ্যত উপনীত হ'বলৈ অসম চৰকাৰৰ প্ৰচেষ্টাৰ ওপৰত আলোকপাত কৰক। অসমৰ নিম্ন-কাৰ্বন শক্তি সংক্ৰমণ (low-carbon energy transition) ক সমৰ্থন কৰাত বিকেন্দ্ৰীকৃত নৱীকৰণযোগ্য শক্তি ব্যৱস্থাৰ ভূমিকা পৰীক্ষা কৰক। (Answer in 250 words)

Feedback (For office use only)
Structure/ Presentation
Question Interpretation
Content
Value Addition
Penalty (If any)
Total

Q13. Assam's intangible cultural heritage is a vital source of identity and civilizational pride. Discuss its significance and examine the challenges and strategies for its conservation amid changing socio-economic and cultural dynamics.

প্রশ্ন ১৩) অসমৰ অস্থাবৰ সাংস্কৃতিক ঐতিহ্য পৰিচয় আৰু সভ্যতাৰ গৌৰৱৰ এক গুৰুত্বপূৰ্ণ উৎস। ইয়াৰ গুৰুত্ব আলোচনা কৰক আৰু পৰিৱৰ্তিত আৰ্থ-সামাজিক আৰু সাংস্কৃতিক গতিশীলতাৰ মাজত ইয়াৰ সংৰক্ষণৰ বাবে প্ৰত্যাহ্বান আৰু কৌশল পৰীক্ষা কৰক।
(Answer in 250 words)

Feedback (For office use only)
Structure/ Presentation
Question Interpretation
Content
Value Addition
Penalty (If any)
Total

Q14. Rising drug trafficking in Assam has exposed links with organized crime and insurgent groups. Examine the challenges this poses to internal security, and suggest how ethical policing and intelligence-led enforcement can be strengthened.

প্রশ্ন ১৪) অসমত বৃদ্ধি পোৱা ড্ৰাগছ সৰবৰাহৰ ফলত সংগঠিত অপৰাধ আৰু বিদ্রোহী গোটৰ সৈতে সম্পৰ্ক উন্মোচিত হৈছে। আভ্যন্তৰীণ নিৰাপত্তাৰ প্ৰতি ইয়াৰ প্ৰত্যাৱৰ্তনসমূহ পৰীক্ষা কৰক, আৰু নৈতিক পুলিছিং আৰু চোৰাংচোৱা-নেতৃত্বাধীন বলৱৎকৰণক কেনেদৰে শক্তিশালী কৰিব পাৰি তাৰ পৰামৰ্শ দিয়ক।
(Answer in 250 words)

Ans ⇒ Due to the geographical proximity to Golden Triangle, the state of Assam in recent time facing severe drug trafficking issues.

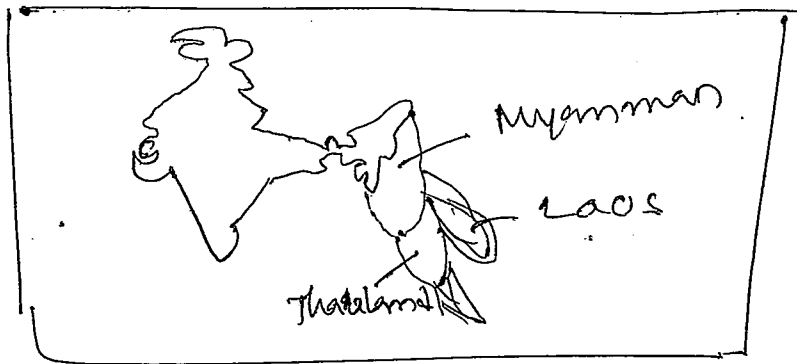


Fig: Golden Triangle.

Challenges posed to internal security

① Changing Nature of insurgent groups

↳ Insurgent groups of North eastern state like ULFA engaged in drug trafficking

for finance.

② Social harmony of the state gets disturbed due to drug related crimes.

③ Youth of North eastern states engaging in drugs which cause huge economic of the states.

④ Domestic violence.

↳ Drug Abuse leads to a domestic violence mainly impacting women and children of a family.

⑤ Law and order issues

↳ Due to increase in crimes, organised crimes.

⑥ Health issues of North-eastern peoples.

↳ Diseases like HIV is rising in North-eastern states due to Drugs.

Measures to combat

① ethical policing

↳ Not to engage in corrupt practices.

↳ strict actions against the main suppliers.

↳ strict checking in the border area.

↳ Patrolling and technological

② surveillance in border.

② Intelligence

① strengthen its own intelligence wing for tracking drugs.

② coordination with other states police and central intelligence department for the information.

To dealing with the problems of Assam government take various measure —

- ① Full power to Assam police to crackdown the drug suppliers.
- ② Launch of 'Drug Free Assam' App for online complain.
- ③ Development of Rehabilitation centre in districts of Assam.
- ④ ~~for~~ Huge numbers of drug related FIR etc.

Drug abuse is socio-economic problem. If special measures are not taken, this may lead to huge impact on states. So government need to take employment generation of youth as well as their mental health.

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Structure/ Presentation
Question Interpretation
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Q15. What are the key features and cultural roots of Sattriya dance? Highlight the role of cultural figures like Jatin Goswami in its revival and classical recognition.

প্রশ্ন ১৫) সত্ৰীয়া নৃত্যৰ মূল বৈশিষ্ট্য আৰু সাংস্কৃতিক মূল কি কি? ইয়াৰ পুনৰুজ্জীৱন আৰু ধ্ৰুপদী স্বীকৃতিৰ ক্ষেত্ৰত যতীন গোস্বামীৰ দৰে সাংস্কৃতিক ব্যক্তিত্বৰ ভূমিকাৰ ওপৰত আলোকপাত কৰক।

(Answer in 250 words)

Ans → Sattriya dance was propounded by Bhakti saint Srimanta Sankardeva to spread ~~the~~ Bhakti among people.

Key features and cultural roots

- ① Mainly Dance in Sattras to recite stories from Bhagavat, Ramayana etc.
- ② ~~It~~ Involved Nritya, Natya and Nritya.
- ③ special emphasise on foot, hand gesture with facial expression.
- ④ Dance along with Borgeet.
- ⑤ In initial phase only male monks were allowed to dance in Sattras.

- ⑥ Now days both male and female are allowed, also the dance is ^{also} performed outside the Sattria.
- ⑦ Along with Borgeet, various instruments like Taal, Kool and Rute are used.

Role of cultural figure like Jatin Goswami

- ① Performed Sattriya Dance in various National and international stage.
- ② Play crucial role in ~~getting~~ getting classical dance status to Sattriya Dance.
- ③ Preserving the Dance by teaching to next generation of states.

④ Helps in preserving its various
roles ~~by~~ through books.

⑤ suggesting government to
take necessary steps for develo-
pment of the dance form.

Sattriya Dance is way to
show Bhakti, And its becomes
part of Assamese culture
and tradition, so its preservation
and developments are utmost
important in today's globalize
world.

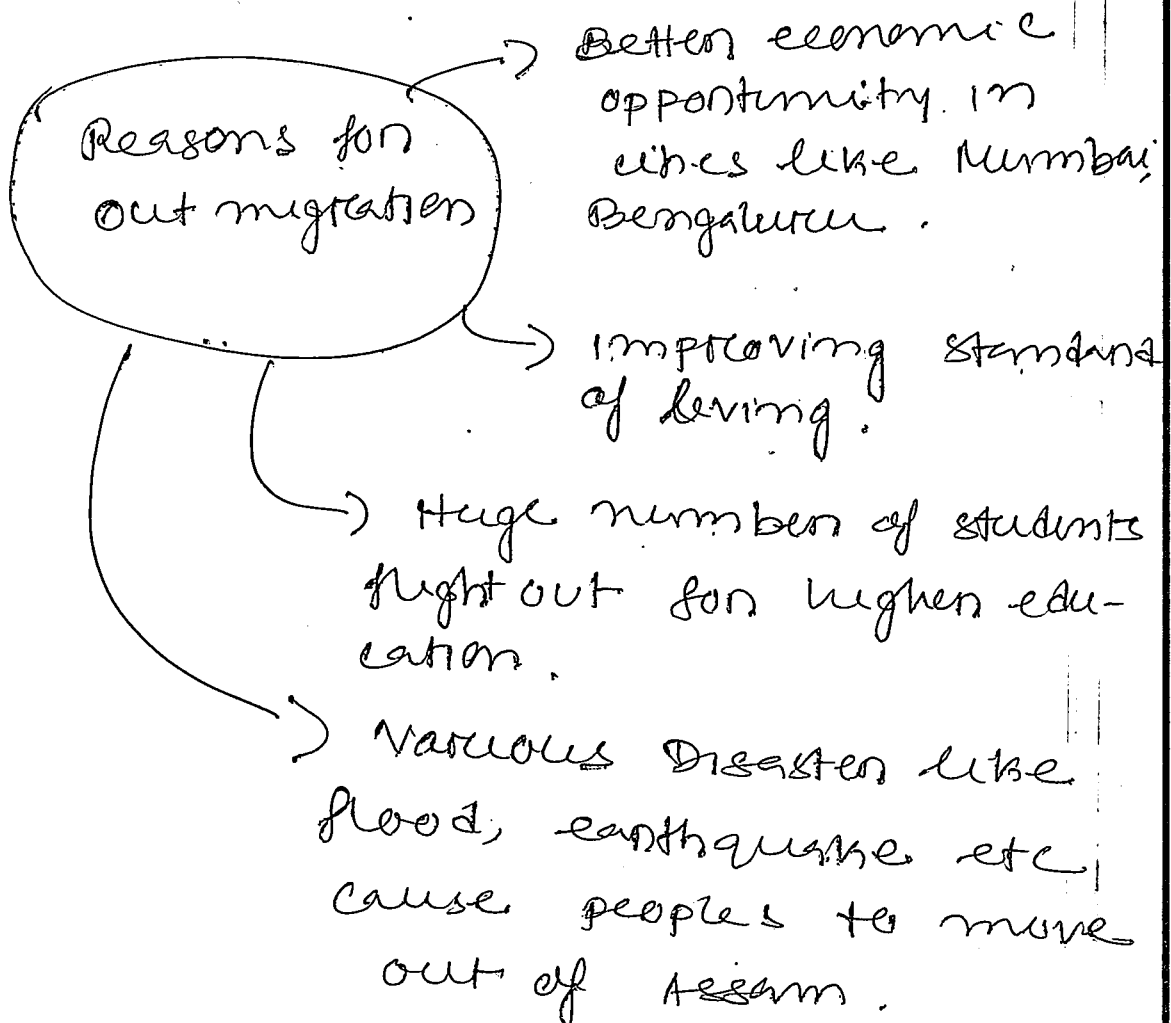


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Q16. How can recent patterns of out-migration from Assam be addressed through regional investment promotion initiatives such as Advantage Assam 2.0? Examine the scope and limitations of such efforts in creating sustainable local employment.

প্রশ্ন ১৬) এডভান্টেজ আসাম ২.০ ৰ দৰে আঞ্চলিক বিনিয়োগ প্ৰোৎসাহন পদক্ষেপৰ জৰিয়তে অসমৰ পৰা প্ৰব্ৰজনৰ শেহতীয়া ধৰণবোৰ কেনেদৰে সমাধান কৰিব পাৰি? বহনক্ষম স্থানীয় নিয়োগ সৃষ্টিৰ ক্ষেত্ৰত এনে প্ৰচেষ্টাৰ পৰিসৰ আৰু সীমাবদ্ধতা পৰীক্ষা কৰক। (Answer in 250 words)

Ans ⇒ In recent years Assam witnessed significant number people migrate out of state for economic, education and health opportunities.



Addressed through Advantage Assam 2.0

- ① Investment in Assam create job opportunities in the state.
- ② Infrastructure like roads, hospital, education will improve people's life.
- ③ This multinational company will bring scientific technology which will help in mitigating disaster.
- ④ Investment in the state improves people's living standard.

scope and limitations

- ① scope
- ② Direct and indirect job creation to the local youth of Assam.

- (b) Skill Development of the youth . . .
- (c) Helps in Assam GSDP which further strengthens for job creation .
- (d) Opportunities to vulnerable sections of the society like women for employment opportunity .

(2) Limitations

(a) Skill mismatch :- Youth of Assam lacks in skilled work .

(b) Problem in adapting technological devices .

(c) Language barriers :-

As most of these multinational company communicate through English, where most of Assamese people lack .

① Higher position

↳ Despite job creation, the higher position will always dominated by other ~~regions~~ people.

② Advantage Assam 2.0 bring opportunities to youth of Assam for employment. This kind of initiative will address the issues of out-migration.

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Q17. Examine the challenges of balancing regional identity and national integration in Assam, with reference to the language movements and Assam Accord.

প্রশ্ন ১৭) ভাষা আন্দোলন আৰু অসম চুক্তিৰ সন্দৰ্ভত অসমত আঞ্চলিক পৰিচয় আৰু ৰাষ্ট্ৰীয় সংহতিৰ ভাৰসাম্য বজাই ৰখাৰ প্ৰত্যাহ্বানসমূহ পৰীক্ষা কৰক।
(Answer in 250 words)

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Value Addition
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Total

Q18. Sports infrastructure and local talent development are increasingly seen as tools for youth empowerment and social inclusion. Examine the role of initiatives like Khelo India and regional sports academies in promoting a sports culture in Assam.

প্রশ্ন ১৮) ক্রীড়া আন্তঃগাঁথনি আৰু স্থানীয় প্ৰতিভা বিকাশক ক্ৰমান্বয়ে যুৱ সবলীকৰণ আৰু সামাজিক অন্তৰ্ভুক্তিৰ সঁজুলি হিচাপে দেখা যায়। অসমত ক্রীড়া সংস্কৃতিৰ প্ৰচাৰত খেলো ইণ্ডিয়া আৰু আঞ্চলিক ক্রীড়া একাডেমীৰ দৰে পদক্ষেপৰ ভূমিকা পৰীক্ষা কৰক।
(Answer in 250 words)

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Q19. Medieval Assam was shaped by the interplay of regional kingdoms, tribal polities, and cultural assimilation. Examine the role of the Chutiyas, Koch, and Kacharis in shaping the political and cultural landscape of medieval Assam.

প্রশ্ন ১৯) মধ্যযুগীয় অসম আঞ্চলিক ৰাজ্য, জনজাতীয় ৰাজনীতি আৰু সাংস্কৃতিক একত্ৰীকৰণৰ আন্তঃক্ৰিয়াৰ দ্বাৰা গঠন কৰা হৈছিল। মধ্যযুগীয় অসমৰ ৰাজনৈতিক আৰু সাংস্কৃতিক দৃশ্যপট গঢ়াত চুতীয়া, কোঁচ আৰু কছাৰীসকলৰ ভূমিকা পৰীক্ষা কৰক।
(Answer in 250 words)

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Q20. Digital influencers, including AI-generated personas, are reshaping Assam's cultural space. With two recent examples, discuss their impact on youth and soft power. What challenges do such trends pose for society and governance?

প্রশ্ন ২০) কৃত্ৰিম বুদ্ধিমত্তাত -সৃষ্টি কৰা ব্যক্তিসকলক ধৰি ডিজিটেল প্ৰভাৱকাৰীসকলে অসমৰ সাংস্কৃতিক স্থানক পুনৰ গঠন কৰিছে। শেহতীয়া দুটা উদাহৰণৰ জৰিয়তে যুৱপ্ৰজন্ম আৰু নৰম শক্তিৰ ওপৰত ইয়াৰ প্ৰভাৱৰ বিষয়ে আলোচনা কৰক। এনে ধৰণৰ ধাৰণাই সমাজ আৰু প্ৰশাসনৰ বাবে কি প্ৰত্যাহ্বানৰ সৃষ্টি কৰে?

(Answer in 250 words)

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